THE CONSTITUTION.

VOLUME I. | ATLANTA, GEORGIA, SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1868. | NUMBER 119

The Daily Constitution.

BY CAREY W. STYLES & CO.

Subscription Rates, Payable in Advance:

DAILY CONSTITUTION, per annum,..... $10.00
Six months,..... 5.00
One month,..... 1.00
Single paper, 10

Daily subscriptions are payable strictly in advance, and, at the expiration of the time for which payment is made, unless previously renewed, the name of the subscriber will be stricken from the books.

CLUB RATES:

Ten copies ..... $ 80.00
Twenty copies 150.00
Newsdealers liberally contracted with.
SEMI-WEEKLY CONSTITUTION, per an... 3.00
six months.... 1.50

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SPACE.	1 week	2 weeks	3 weeks	1 month	2 months	3 months	6 months	12 months
1 Square	3..	6..	8..	10..	15..	20..	35..	60
2 Squares	6..	10..	14..	16..	25..	35..	60..	100
3 Squares	8..	14..	20..	25..	40..	50..	75..	120
4 Squares	10..	18..	25..	30..	50..	60..	90..	135
5 Squares	12..	22..	30..	35..	60..	70..	105..	150
Quarter column	14..	25..	35..	40..	65..	80..	120..	160
Third of a col...	25..	40..	50..	60..	85..	110..	150..	200
Half column	35..	60..	80..	100..	130..	160..	200..	300
One column	60..	70..	100..	130..	160..	200..	300..	500

Terms cash, before or on demand after the first insertion.

Advertisements must be marked for a specified time.

Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged as new each insertion.

All advertisements, or notices of advertisements, as in "Local Business," are chargeable at the rate of TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A LINE for each insertion. No notice will appear for a less sum than one DOLLAR.

Advertisements under the head of "Special Notices" twenty cents per line for first insertion, and ten cents per line for each subsequent insertion. The above prices will be charged for transient advertisements.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

Sheriff's sales, per levy of ten lines or less... $2 50
Sheriff's Mortgage fi. fa. sales, per square..... 5 00
Tax Collector's sales, per square..... 3 00
Citations for Letters of Administration..... 3 00
Citations for Letters of Guardianship..... 3 00
Citations on application for dismission from administration..... 4 50
Letters of application for dismission from Guardianship..... 3 00
Applications for leave to sell Land..... 5 00
Notice to Debtors and Creditors..... 3 00
Sales of Land, per square..... 5 00
Sales of perishable property, 10 days, per sqr. 1 50
Sales of personal property, 30 days..... 5 00
Notice of Mortgage, per sqr, each time... 1 00

TIME REQUIRED FOR LEGAL ADVERTISING.

Sales of Land, etc., by Administrators, Executors or Guardians, are required by law to be held on the first Tuesday in the month, between the hours of ten in the forenoon and three in the afternoon, at the Court House in the county in which the property is situated. Notices of these sales must be given in a public gazette 40 days previous to the day of sale.

Sales of personal property must be given in like manner 10 days previous to the day of sale.

Notice to the debtors and creditors of an estate must also be published 40 days.

Notice that application will be made to the Court of Ordinary for leave to sell Land, etc., must be published for two months.

Citations for letters of Administration, Guardianship, etc., must be published 30 days; for dismission from Administration, monthly 6 months; for dismission from Guardianship 40 days.

Rules for foreclosure of Mortgage must be published monthly for 4 months; for establishing lost papers, for the full space of 3 months; for compelling titles from Executors or Administrators, where bond has been given by the deceased, the full space of three months.

Publications will always be continued according to these, the legal requirements, unless otherwise ordered.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

GEORGIA RAILROAD—171 miles—Fare five cents per mile.—JOHN P. KING, President; E. W. COLE, Superintendent; G. T. ANDERSON, Agent at Atlanta.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	5.00 A.M
Arrive at Augusta	3.45 P.M.
Leave Augusta	7.00 A.M
Arrive at Atlanta	5.30 P.M

No train on Sunday.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	5.40 P.M.
Arrive at Augusta	3.00 A.M.
Leave Augusta	10.00 P.M.
Arrive at Atlanta	7.40 A.M.

ATLANTA & WEST POINT RAILROAD—87 miles—Fare, five cents per mile—JOHN P. KING, President; L. P. GRANT, Superintendent; H. H. FARRAR, Agent at Atlanta:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	7.58 A. M
Arrive at West Point	12.30 P. M
Leave West Point	12.50 P. M
Arrive at Atlanta	5.25 P. M

NIGHT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	3.00 P. M.
Arrive at West Point	11.05 P. M.
Leave West Point	2.00 A. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	10.00 A. M

MACON & WESTERN RAILROAD.—103 miles—Fare, five cents per mile—A. J. WHITE, President; H. A. ANDERSON, Agent at Atlanta:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	7.15 A M
Arrive at Macon	1.30 P M
Leave Macon	1.45 P M
Arrive at Atlanta	7.00 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	6.30 P M
Arrive at Macon	2.10 A M
Leave Macon	3.40 P M
Arrive at Atlanta	4.10 A M

POST OFFICE, ATLANTA, GA., February 18, 1868.—From and after this date, until further notice, this office will be opened and closed as follows:

Open at	8 o'clock, A M
Close at	12½ o'clock, P M
Open at	2 o'clock, P M
Close at	6 o'clock, P M

SUNDAYS.

Open at	8 o'clock, A M
Close at	10 o'clock, A M

feb19-dtf THOS G SIMMS, P. M.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Cards of six lines or less, under this head, charged for twenty-five dollars for one year; fifteen dollars for six months; ten dollars for three months; five dollars for one month. Payable in advance.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

J. R. & A. W. FORCE, Wholesale Dealers in Boots and Shoes, Whitehall street, keep on hand the largest and best selected stock in Atlanta, and will sell to country merchants at New York prices, with freight added. julyfre-dly

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

WM. BOLLMAN, Dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Gold Pens, Spectacles, &c., &c., Whitehall street, 2d door above M. Lynch & Co's. Book Store, Atlanta, Ga. Repairing in good style and warranted. sept15-dly

UNITED STATES HOTEL.

SASSEEN, YORK & JOURDAN, PROPRIETORS.

Within 100 yards of the General Passenger Depot.

Corner Alabama and Prior Streets,

R. B. SASSEEN, } ATLANTA, GA.
A. W. YORK, }
A. T. JOURDAN, }

J. W. F. BEYSON, R. T. JOURDAN, Clerks.

jan15-dtf

T. H. JOHNSON. B. B. LOCKETT.

RUST, JOHNSON & CO.,

Cotton Factors,

WAREHOUSE AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.

OFFICE DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.

Collections attended to and Remittances promptly made.

ALBANY, GEORGIA.

R. M. ROSE & CO.,

WHOLESALE

LIQUOR DEALERS.

Granite Block, Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga. nit-dly

WM. S. CARROLL,

(Formerly Wyly & Carroll,)

Commission Merchant,

AND DEALER IN

BACON, LARD, CORN, FLOUR, ROPE, BAGGING, Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Salt, Candles, &c. &c. Whitehall Street, 2d door above M. Lynch & Co's. Book Store, Atlanta, Ga. oct15 dly

Chicago Ale Depot.

M. KENNY has constantly on hand a full supply of the celebrated CHICAGO ALE, and is prepared to supply dealers in any quantity. He is also

BRANDIES, WINES, WHISKIES and SEGARS

Remember Store, No 11 Alabama street, next door to the United States Hotel. april-dly

0. A. LOCHRANE,

Attorney & Counsellor AT LAW,

ATLANTA, Ga. Office in the building of the United States Court, on Broad street, formerly occupied by Brown & Pope, will practice in the Superior Courts of Fulton and Bibb counties, in the United States District and Circuit Courts at Atlanta and Savannah, and in the Supreme Court of the State.

The unfinished business of Brown & Pope is in course of preparation and will be completed by me. Office hours from 9 to 2, and from 3 to 6 o'clock. sept12 d3m

DR. B. D. REEVES

Offers his professional services to the citizens of Atlanta and vicinity.

Office up stairs, over Uncle Billy Hill's Auction room. octidlm*

OLIVER & WADDAIL,

Commission Merchants,

Corner Alabama and Forsyth streets,

Atlanta .....Georgia,

Agents for Marietta Paper Mills,

Keep constantly on hand Printing and Wrapping Paper of different sizes. oct14-dtf

W. C. COURTNEY. B. MURDOCH. J. S. MURDOCH.

W. C. Courtney & Co.,

FACTORS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

NO. 9 BOYCE'S WHARF,

CHARLESTON, S. C.

sep15-tf

SAMUEL MEYER,

COTTON FACTOR

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

(Office at Glenn, Wright & Carr's Warehouse.)

Liberal advances made on shipments to our friends in New York, Liverpool and Savannah. sep15d6m

ELAM CHRISTIAN,

General Commission Merchant,

GRIFFIN, GEORGIA.

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.

REFERENCES:—Col. C. W. Styles, Gen. J. B Gordon, Atlanta, Ga. Hon. Warren Aiken, Bartow County, Ga. W. A. Huff & Co., T. W. Freeman & Co., Macon, Ga. aug25d

MORRIS & TRIMBLE,

Importers. Manufacturers and Dealers in

French Burr and other Mill Stones,

BOLTING CLOTHS,

BEST quality Anker Brand, by the piece or cut to order. Smut Machines, Belting, and Mill Furnishing Goods generally.

WEST FALLS AVENUE,

Near Pratt Street Bridge, Baltimore. aug18-d3m

P. E. MCDANIEL. C. H. STRONG. B. F. MOSES.

McDANIEL, STRONG & CO.,

Cotton Warehouse

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Corner Prior and Hunter Sts.,

In sight of the Passenger Depot, and near the United States and American Hotels,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

WITH the advent of another Cotton Season, we renew to our friends and patrons the offer of our service in the storage and sale of their cotton. We have demonstrated the fact by the experience of past seasons, and particularly of the last, that Atlanta is one of the best interior cotton markets of the South. This is due chiefly to her situation; being on the direct route from the producing districts to the large seaport marts, and having the advantage of three routes to New York, via Savannah, Charleston and Norfolk, all of which are freely and satisfactorily used. The importance of Atlanta as a cotton market was, during the last season, acknowledged by the New York buyers, many of whom made extensive purchases, which with the local competition enabled us to realize the most satisfactory prices; relatively higher in most instances than could have been obtained by our consignors, by shipments to more distant points.

The members of our firm are all men of large experience in cotton, and well known in the community. Our Warehouse cannot be surpassed, being of large dimensions, completely sheltered, and fire-proof. Every money facility usual in such cases we are prepared to furnish.

McDANIEL, STRONG & Co.

aug27-d3m

ROOFING! ROOFING!

Stills, Brandy Stills.

HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH,

PLUMBERS & GAS FITTERS,

COPPER SMITHS,

Workers in Sheet Iron, Copper, Zinc and Tin.

DEALERS IN

Pumps, Hydraulic Rams, Rubber Hose, Water Closets, Drain Pipes,

IRON, LEAD AND BLOCK TIN, PIPE FOR Steam, Gas and Water, Steam Fittings, Whistles, Gauges, Globe and Connecting Cocks, Oil Cups, &c., Sheet Iron, Copper, Lead, Zinc and Tin Plate, Gas Fixtures, Chandaliers Pendants, Brackets, &c.

Persons Wanting Roofing in Tin or Sheet Iron, will do well to confer with us before letting your work.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

Thankful for past favors and beg a continuance of the same.

HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH,

Opposite National Hotel and Adjoining Railroad Block,

oct16-d3m Atlanta, Ga.

TO THE TRADE.

WE invite the attention of the trade to our magnificent stock of Tobacco, consiting in part of the following celebrated brands:

CHEWING TOBACCO.

Davis & Son's Gold Leaf,
Davis & Son's Rattlesnake,
Davis & Son's Three Bells,
Magnolia of the South,
Three Kings,
Brown's Best,
R. E. Lee,
T. J. Jackson,
H. P. Moore,
Mountain Rose,
Rosa Bell, Gold Bar,
Roso Bell, Twist,
McGee's Best,
Max I A,
Max II A,
Magnet,
Tycoon and many other popular brands.

} Extra Fine.

SMOKING TOBACCO.

Pride of Virginia, Hiawatha, Here's Yer Mule, Fruits and Flowers, and a variety of other superior brands.

JORDAN, HOWARD & HARALSON,

oct8-d3m Whitehall street.

Special Law Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED having sufficiently recovered his health to again enter on the practice of his profession, hereby informs his friends, and the public, that ALL BUSINESS entrusted to his care will receive prompt and faithful attention. His residence and address is ATLANTA, GA., and he will practice in ALL THE COURTS OF THIS COUNTY AND CITY, including the

UNITED STATES COURT

For the Northern District of Georgia. Also, in the Counts of adjoining Counties and other places by special contract. He can be found at Judge Lochrane's office.

oct16 d1m RICHARD H. CLARK.

$1, $2, $3, $4, $5, $6, $7, $8, $9, $10.

General Southern Agency,

FOR Importers, Manufacturers, Investors, Publishers, Dealers, &c. We want some person in every place to engage with us, for a reasonable salary, in introducing many new articles. For particulars address L. E. CAUKLEY,

sept20dtm General Agent, Atlanta, Ga.

DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM,

Adopted by the New York National Democratic Convention, July 7, 1868.

The Democratic party, in National Convention assembled, reposing its trust in the intelligence, patriotism and discriminating justice of the people; standing upon the Constitution as the foundation and limitation of the powers of the Government and the guarantees of the liberties of the citizen; and recognizing the questions of slavery and secession as having been settled for all time to come by the war or the voluntary action of the Southern States in Constitutional Convention assembled, and never to be renewed or re-agitated, do, with the return of peace, demand—

1. Immediate restoration of all the States to their rights in the Union under the Constitution and civil government of the American people.

2. Amnesty for all past political offenses, and the regulation of the elective franchise in the States by their citizens, and payment of the public debt of the United States as rapidly as practicable.

3. All money drawn from the people by taxation, except so much as is requisite for the necessities of the Government, economically administered, should be honestly applied to such payment, and where the obligations of the Government do not expressly state upon their face, or the law under which they were issued does not provide, that they shall be paid in coin, they ought, in right and justice to be paid in the lawful money of the United States.

4. Equal taxation of every species of property according to its real value, including Government bonds and other public securities.

5. One currency for the Government and people, the laborer and the offie-holder, the pensioner and the soldier, the producer and the bond-holder.

6. Economy in the administration of the government; the reduction of the standing army and navy; the abolishment of the Freedmen's Bureau, and all political instrumentalities designed to secure negro supremacy; simplification of the system and the discontinuance of inquisitorial boards for assessing and collecting internal revenue, so that the burden of taxation may be equalized and lessened; the credit of the government and the currency made good; the repeal of all enactments for enrolling the State militia into national forces in time of peace; a tariff for revenue upon foreign imports, and such equal taxation under the internal revenue laws as will afford incidental protection to domestic manufactures, and as will, without impairing the revenue, impose the least burden upon and best promote and encourage the great industrial interests of the country.

7. Reform of abuses in the administration, the expulsion of corrupt men from offices, the abrogation of useless offices, the restoration of rightful authority to, and the independence of the Executive and Judicial departments of the Government, the subordination of the military to the civil power to the end that the usurpations of Congress and the despotism of the sword may cease.

8. Equal rights and protection for naturalized and native born citizens at home and abroad; an assertion of American nationality, which shall command the respect of foreign powers, and furnish an example and encouragement to people struggling for national integrity, constitutional rights, and the maintenance of the rights of naturalized citizens against the absolute doctrine of immutable allegiance, and the claims of foreign powers to punish them for alleged crime committed beyond their jurisdiction.

In demanding these measures and reforms we arraign the Radical party for its disregard of right, and the unparalleled oppression and tyranny which have marked its career, after the most solemn and unanimous pledge of both houses of Congress to prosecute the war exclusively for the maintainance of the government and the preservation of the Union under the Constitution.

It has repeatedly violated that most sacred pledge under which was rallied that noble volunteer army that carried our flag to victory.

Instead of restoring the Union, it has so far as in its power dissolved it, and subjected ten States in time of peace to military despotism and negro supremacy.

It has nullified there the right of trial by jury.

It has abolished the habeas corpus, that most sacred writ of liberty.

It has overthrown the freedom of speech and the press.

It has substituted arbitrary seizures and arrests, and military trials and Star Chamber inquisitions for constitutional tribunals.

It has disregarded in time of peace the right of the people to be free from search and seizures.

It has entered the post and telegraph offices, and even the private rooms of individuals, and seized their private papers and letters, without any specification or notice of affidavit, as required by the organic law.

It has converted the American capitol into a Bastile.

It has established a system of spies and official espionage to which no constitutional monarchy of Europe would now dare resort.

It has abolished the right of appeal on important constitutional questions to the Supreme Judiciary tribunal, and threatens to curtail or destroy its original jurisdiction, which is irrevocably vested by the Constitution, while the learned Chief Justice has been subjected to the most atrocious calumnies, merely because he would not prostitute his high office to the support of the false and partisan charges preferred against the President.

Its corruption and extravagance have exceeded anything known in history, and by its frauds and monopolies it has nearly doubled the burden of debt created during the war.

It has stripped the President of his constitutional power of appointment, even of his own cabinet.

Under its repeated assaults the pillars of the Government are rocking on their base, and should it succeed in November next and inaugurate its President, we will meet as a subjected and conquered people amid the ruins of liberty and the scattered fragments of the Constitution; and we do declare and resolve that ever since the people of the United States threw off all subjection to the British Crown, the privilege and trust of suffrage have been granted to the several States, and have been granted, regulated and controlled exclusively by the political power of each State respectively, and any attempt by Congress, on any pretext whatever, to deprive any State of this right, or interfere with this exercise, is a flagrant usurpation of power which can find no warrant in the Constitution, and, if sanctioned by the people, will subvert our form of government, and can only end in a single centralized, consolidated government, in which the separate existence of the States will be entirely absorbed, and an unqualified despotism be established in place of a Federal Union of equal States.

That we regard the reconstruction acts of Congress, so-called, as usurpations, unconstitutional, revolutionary and void, and that our soldiers and sailors who carried the flag of our country to victory against a most gallant and determined foe, must ever be gratefully remembered, and all the guarantees given in their favor must be faithfully carried into execution.

That the public lands should be distributed widely among the people, and should be disposed of either directly under the pre-emption of homestead laws, and sold in reasonable quantities, and to none but actual occupants at the minimum price as established by the Government. When grants of the public lands may be allowed, necessary for the encouragement of important public improvements, the proceeds of the sales of such lands, and not the lands themselves, should be applied.

That the President of the United States, Andrew Johnson, in exercising the power of his high office in resisting the aggressions of Congress on the constitutional rights of the States and the people, is entitled to the gratitude of the whole American people, and on behalf of the Democratic party we tender him our thanks for his patriotic efforts in that regard.

Upon this platform the Democratic party appeal to every patriot, including all the conservative elements and all who desire to support the Constitution and restore the Union, forgetting all past differences of opinion, to unite with us in the present great struggle for the liberties of the people, and that to all such, to whatever party they may have heretofore belonged, we extend the right hand of fellowship, and hail all such co-operating with us as friends and brothers.

☞ ATLANTA POST OFFICE.—ARRIVAL and Departure of Mails. Office open at 8 o'clock, A. M.; Close at 7, P. M. Sundays from 8 to 10, A. M. Officers: THOS. G. SIMMS, Postmaster; FRANK MILLS, Assistant Postmaster; J. S. NALL, Money Order and Registry Clerk and Cashier; J. L. DANIEL, Mailing Clerk; J. W. WOODRUFF, Distributing Clerk; C. BRUMLEY, W. A. ORME, Delivery Clerks; M. W. SMITH, Stamp Clerk; P. H. WOODWARD, Special Agent Postoffice Department.

	Mails arr've	Mails Cl'se.
Washington, D. C.	3.45, A M	6 P. M.
New York	3.45 "	6 "
Philadelphia	3.45 "	6 "
Baltimore	3.45 "	6 "
Memphis and Arkansas,	3.45 "	6 "
Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago and Nashville,	3.45 "	6 "
W. & A. R. R. Way Mail,	3.45 "	6 "
Augusta, Ga.	7.45 A M	4.20 P M, 5 P M 6 A M
Charleston	7.45 A.M.	4.20 P.M. 5 P. M
Ga. R. R. Way Mail, Athens, Ga. and Milledgeville, Ga.	4.20 P. M.	6 A. M.
M. & W. R. R. Way Mail,	2.00 P. M.	6.45 A. M.
Macon	4.00 A. M.	6 P. M.
Savannah, S. W. R. R. and Florida	4.00 A. M.	6 P. M.
New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery and Columbus	5.20 P. M.	7 A. M.
Atlanta and Montgomery Way Mail	5.20 P. M.	7 A. M.

TRI-WEEKLY MAIL LINE.

Atlanta to Dahlonega—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Dahlonega to Blairsville and to Murphy, N. C.—Weekly—Saturdays.

Newnan to Carrollton and Bowden—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Newnan to Franklin—semi-Weekly—Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Latrange to Griffin—Tri-Weekly, via Greenville, Ga.

Latrange to Columbus, via Hamilton—Tri-Weekly.

Stone Mountain, Ga., to Lawrenceville—Tri-Weekly.

Lawrenceville to Gainesville—Weekly—Saturdays.

Athens to Gainesville—Semi-Weekly—Tuesdays and Thursdays.

Cartersville to Marble Works and Etwaresee Weekly—Tuesdays.

EVENING EDITION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, OCTOBER 31.

DON'T STEAL ME, for I am private property, bought and paid for by by a subscriber, one who sustains the press and wants to read me.

DON'T BORROW ME, for my owner don't like it, and, besides, the machine will turn you out a copy just like me for three cents and a half, and you ought to sustain the press. Go and subscribe, and keep your conscience easy.

The Procession Postponed.

Speaking at Davis' Hall To-Night.

In consequence of the inclemency of the weather, the Democratic procession is postponed till Monday night, when the published programme will be carried out.

There will, however, be speaking at Davis' Hall to-night, at 7½ o'clock. All Democrats are requested to be present, and Republicans, too, are invited.

Several distinguished and eloquent speakers will address the meeting.

The Clubs are urged to turn out in full force.

By order of the Committee.

R. ARNOLD, Secretary.

THE Y. M. D. C.'s will meet at King's Hall, rain or no rain, at 6½ o'clock this evening, to transact important business before going to Davis' Hall. Every member is requested to be present.

By order of the President.

C. W. GODFREY, Sec. Y. M. D. C.

UNHAPPY OMISSION.—It is to us a source of profound regret and painful personal accusation that the name of our most cherished friend and distinguished fellow-citizen, Col. T. A. Howard, was omitted in the published programme for the speaking to-night. He was one of the first invited by the Executive Committee, and the non-appearance of his name in the programme is not attributable to indifference or willful neglect on the part of the Committee. We are, perhaps, more to blame for it than any one else, and our friend knows too well the estimate we place upon his head and heart to suspicion us of intentional omission.

THE MAYORALTY.—In another column a communication suggests the name of Mr. E. E. Rawson in connection with the Mayoralty. There are so many good men mentioned for the place, that we refrain from the expression of any choice for the present. We earnestly desire, however, that a man of intelligence, high capability and unswerving integrity shall be selected—above all, we want a man of decided opinions, a working, active, energetic man, who, having sense enough to know what to do, has the manliness to do it without fear, favor or affection, reward or the hope thereof.

There will, we are reliably informed, be in the field a Radical ticket of the extreme school, and as we are apposed to milk and water men upon principle, we hope the Democratic party of the city will preserve its self-respect and maintain its integrity by the selection of candidates who possess positive virtues and demonstrative devotion to principle. We want no "policy man"—we have suffered enough upon that line already, and Democracy can no longer afford to honor and reward men who do nothing to advance her standard.

This question should be thoughtfully discussed in the various Democratic Clubs, and harmony should prevail in the nomination. Let us act as a band of brothers for the best interests of the city, and be ready, willingly and cheerfully, to abide the will of the majority and support whoever shall be put in nomination.

IMPORTANT INSURANCE DECISION.—The New York Court of Appeals, the highest tribunal in the State, says the Savannah Republican, has decided that suicide does not vitiate a life insurance policy. The American Mutual Life Insurance Company refused to pay the widow of Marcus W. Gibson the sum for which his life had been insured because he committed suicide, but the court reaffirmed the decision of the lower courts that the policy must be paid. The company attempted to prove that Gibson was an atheist or infidel, and therefore, that the suicide was intentional, the deceased not having the fear of God before him; but the court rules out this as irrelevant, and held that in an action to recover for an insurance upon the life of the deceased, it is incompetent to inquire into his religious faith with a view of influencing the question whether, in such case, death was occasioned by an intent of self-destruction or of accident.

☞ The whole land rests under a cloud, which threatens to deepen into the darkness of Egyptian night. Our country's enemies like Pharaoh's hosts, are pressing in the rear, with the mountains on either side, and the Red Sea in front, but Seymour, like Moses of old, on Tuesday next, will lead his people safely beyond the fire and flood.

THE LAGRANGE REPORTER IN A NEW DRESS.—The Reporter comes to us this week in an entire new suit. The Reporter, like the principles of the Democratic party, of which it is an able and faithful exponent, the more it is tested the brighter and fresher it becomes. Our best wishes for the success of friend Willingham.

☞ The time for action is short; the time to choose with whom you will in future act, is at hand. If you would hereafter enjoy the confidence of your fellow-citizens, whose fortune for weal or woe you must share, join them and vote for Seymour and Blair.

☞ Democrats into line! Georgians, the ranks are closing up; let us present an unbroken front for Seymour and Blair.

☞ The annoyances complained of by our correspondent are *nuisances* indeed; and inasmuch as he suggests the remedy to the railroad companies, we entreat them to act upon it accordingly. We hold that no corporation has by law the chartered privilege to disturb whole communities at unreasonable hours with the shrieking gusts of deafening steam. The other evils inveighed against are no more tolerable than the first, and yet the remedies may be had without cost or the least convenience:

For The Constitution.

Nuisances in Atlanta.

My Dear Major: It is not yet quite treason to complain of some evils; with reference to others it must be done *sotto voce*.

Will you let me, through THE CONSTITUTION, make an earnest appeal to the Superintendents of the railroads centering here, and as to the matter of *locomotive whistling*. It seems a trifle, but it is a dreadful thing to the sick and nervous. You have no idea how it harrasses and startles them. Is the prolonged whistle necessary? It is not found so on English and Continental railways. The trains there arrive and depart with all the quiet of a coach. If you have your flagmen, switchers, and watchmen all right, there is no need for a single whistle. Passengers are always informed by Conductors of their points of arrival. Railroad schedules of departure are fully published. So where the necessity of whistling for the incoming or departing passenger? The first is always informed by gentlemanly conductors. The second are always ready. If not they can't be made so by the last whistle. It ought to be their lookout. Respected superintendents, this is all a waste of steam, and a serious trouble to many sick and suffering people. May not your trains arrive and depart with all the quiet of an ordinary carriage? A single second's whistle were surely enough.

My dear Major, I confess to *nerves*. Never saw anybody "worth shucks" who hadn't them. We have much to fret these nerves every way, I am badly sandwiched. Leaving out the everlasting, all hours whistle, my next door neighbor "has a bay" afflicted with early rising and crying. More than this, an old Shanghai Rooster, far gone in Bronchitis. The old cock deems it the privilege of age to wake up all his tribe in this part of the city. Moreover, my neighbor has a well. None of the gentle, noiseless and perfect fixtures of Major Marks? but one of your good old fashioned windlass rope and bucket. The trouble is he turns it loose too soon. Only forty feet from the head of my bed the old original is turned loose just as I am pushing on the appendix to my sleep. In the dreamy snoozing of the time, I have thought of a railroad accident, the running away of horses, a bombshell, or anything terrible.

On the other side my neighbors do very well. They are lovely people, as all our neighbors are. But they will keep a duck pen. The old drake rivals the shanghai in early rising. I don't know which crows or quacks first.

All those are, however, minor nuisances compared with the steam whistle. Let your trains go out and come in noislessly, and a thousand hearts and homes will give you thanks. P.

E. E. RAWSON, FOR MAYOR.—*Mr. Editor:* We desire to call the attention of our people to the approaching election for Mayor, and to suggest as the most suitable person for the office, our highly respected fellow-citizen, Mr. E. E. Rawson. Mr. Rawson is modest, dignified, able, experieced, reliable, and thoroughly practical; permanently identified with all the interests of our growing city, and can devote all the time necessary to the proper discharge of such important and difficult duties as will from time to time require the attention of Mayor and Council. Atlanta is extending her borders, increasing her population, now the capital, and will soon be the largest city in the State. Constant and increased expenditures must be made, and the people pray that their officers may be capable, carful, and equal to the occasion.

In recommending Mr. Rawson for the above position, we do so exclusively upon the score of his individual merit and personal qualification, and not for the purpose of disparaging in the least, the claims of other aspirants.

E PLURIBUS UNUM.

☞ Fellow-citizens of Georgia! We must revive the love of country and the love of liberty in our souls; we must merge all apathy in the enthusiasm of hope, and rebuild the altars of freedom upon their olden base. We must shake off the spirit of supineness so long brooding over our hearts; bury selfishness in view of nobler, holier aims, and rescue the country from destruction by electing Seymour and Blair.

☞ As we go forth on Tuesday next in behalf of our common country, let the inspiring words of the inspiring Scot thrillingly linger in our ears:

"Who for Scotland's king and law,
Freedom's sword will strongly draw;
Freemen stand, or freemen fall,
Let us do or die."

☞ Democrats! to to the polls early on Tuesday, give the entire day to the cause of Democracy; see that your neighbors all attend the elections; see that none neglect their duty when so much is at stake.

SPEAKING AT PALMETTO.—Colonel R. J. Cowart and Colonel Carey W. Styles, will speak to the Democracy at Palmetto, on Monday next, weather permitting.

☞ Evil as Truth never surrenders to Error, so will Democracy never to Radicalism.

☞ Radicalism is the nation's poison; Democracy is its antidote.

☞ The tickets to be voted for on Tuesday are,

Seymour and Liberty;
Grant and Despotism.

☞ On Tuesday the question to be settled is, Democracy and the nation's life; or, Radicalism and its death.

IRISHMEN.

Their Oppression in the South.

Address to Their Fellow-Countrymen.

Radical Rule More Proscriptive than that of England.

Erin's Noble Sons Degraded Below the Negro.

An Appeal to Their Northern Brethren.

To be Saved from Negro Supremacy

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—An appeal to their fellow-countrymen at the North is published, from a number of Irishmen hailing from New Orleans, Mobile and Savannah, whose names are appended, in behalf of the disfranchised Irishmen of the Southern States. They say that they are no longer citizens; have been deprived of the right to vote, and in many places were driven from the hall; that Radical registers have refused to enter their names on the registration lists; that thousands and tens of thousands of their fellow countrymen in the Southern States have thus been disfranchised, while every negro who presents himself is admitted to the right of citizenship; that they are regarded by the Radicals as inferiors of negroes, and have no rights, political or otherwise, which they are bound to respect; that hundreds, yes, thousands of Irishmen have been deprived of official positions to which they were elected or appointed in different cities throughout the South, and that in Mobile and New Orleans these offices were afterwards conferred on negroes.

They say to the Irishmen of the Northern States that radicalism is proscriptive, and if that party gets into power for another four years they will disfranchise you, as they have us, and make a strong appeal to be saved by their votes from negro supremacy and the rule of the bayonet; that their Northern brethren be not misled by traitors, who have sold out to our political enemies and yours renegades who have accepted the ever ready bribe for the advocacy of a policy that has made us aliens in the land of our adoption, subjected us in this country to all the injustice and outrages inflicted upon us in the land of our birth—down-trodden and oppressed Ireland; and concludes by saying they are looking to the success of the Democratic candidates—Seymour and Blair—to free them from political bondage and the curse of Radical rule.

SEYMOUR.

Our Chieftain at Pittsburg.

Hearty and Enthusiastic Reception.

Grand Torchlight Procession.

From the Louisville Courier.

PITTSBURG, PA., October 28.—Governor Seymour arrived in this city at noon today, by the Pan Handle railroad. He was met at Union depot by a large number of people, and welcomed to the city by a committee of reception. This evening he delivered an eloquent address to an immense concourse of people in Allegheny. He was escorted to the place of speaking by a torchlight procession, consisting of the various Democratic organizations of the city and vicinity.

He was everywhere greeted with great enthusiasm. Many of the principal buildings along the route were beautifully illuminated. The St. Charles Hotel and Daily Post were handsomely decorated with Chinese lantern, flags, mottoes, &c.

Governor Seymour leaves at 6:40 to-morrow morning en route East.

SECOND DISPATCH.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 28.—Governor Seymour addressed an immense audience here this evening, Senator Cowan presiding. He commenced by referring to the manufacturing prosperity of Pittsburg, and the perplexities of business men on account of the uncertainty of legislation of the party in power, and the burdens falling on labor from taxation. He had been speaking but a short time when his voice gave way and he was unable to proceed for some time. Hon. Francis Kerman occupied the time.

Mr. Seymour then proceeded again and spoke for a considerable time. He agreed that the taxation resulting from maladministration by our rulers made the difference to the laborer between six and ten hours of labor. If there was no such thing as taxation, direct or indirect, six hours of toil would give to a man as good a support as he now obtains from ten hours. Remember that before you give your family their food, and before you give them their clothing you are heavily taxed. Do not forget this in considering the effects of heavy taxation upon you. Now, suppose the mechanics of Pittsburg paid no taxation; suppose they bought all things at their first cost, relieved from any kind of taxation on the part of your Government, when you had worked six hours you could throw down your sledge, your hammer, your saw, and say, Now I will go home, or if we wish to prolong our toil we will lay up the accumulation of what we earn for a future day, but when you are ready to go a man lays his hand on your shoulder, and says, Stop! you are bound to support your Goverernment. That is true; you are then to work I think one hour to pay your share of taxation. You then prepare to leave the shop again; you are called back and told you ought pay your share of the public debt. That's true. You go back and work cheerfully two hours beyond the time it is necessary to work to support yourselves for these objects. You then say, having toiled for eight hours, I will go home to my family. I will improve my mind. I will pass my time as my interests or my pleasure dictates; but the official again returns, and says, you must work two hours a day more, because under this Government there are sixty thousand officials to be supported; because those who control affairs at Washington had seen fit to give the South not their ancient government, but a government of armies which you must support. But I tell you it is this unwise, unjust and unreasonable taxation which is the result of the policy of our leaders that lengthen out your hours of toil.

Many buildings were illuminated and a large procession passed through the city.

DARK HOURS.—Some writer says: To every man there are many, many dark hours—when he feels unequal to the burden, when all aspirations seem worthless; hours when his heart's best hopes appear delusive. Let no one think that he alone has dark hours. They are the common lot of humanity. They are touch stones to try whether we are current coin or not.

THE PRESS OF PHILADELPHIA.—There are in the city of Philadelphia about one hundred and fifty printing offices, employing about one thousand two hundred men and three hundred boys. There are eleven daily newspapers, thirty-two weekly and twenty-two semi-weekly and monthly—sixty-five papers in all.—*Athens Post.*

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

Fast Trotting.

BOSTON, October 30.—The horse, John Stewart, trotted twenty miles, on the River side of the Park, yesterday, in fifty-nine minutes and twenty three and three-fourth seconds.

MADRID, October 31.—Dulce accepts the Captain-Generalship, and shortly departs for Cuba.

The Budget shows a deficiency of fifty millions sterling.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, October 31.—Money easy at 7@. Sterling 9½. Gold 1 33½. 1868 coupons 13½. North Carolina's 87½; new 85½. Virginia's 58½; new 58½. Tennessee's 70; new

The Daily Constitution.

THE CONSTITUTION
—HAS THE—
LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION
of any paper published at this point, and several hundred
MORE THAN ANY TWO.

MORNING EDITION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, NOVEMBER 1.

National Democratic Nominations.

FOR PRESIDENT,
HORATIO SEYMOUR, of N. Y.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
FRANCIS P. BLAIR, of Missouri.

STATE ELECTORAL TICKET.

FOR THE STATE AT LARGE:
GEN. JOHN B. GORDON, of Fulton.
HON. JOHN T. CLARKE, of Randolph.

ALTERNATES:
GEN. W. T. WOFFORD, of Bartow.
T. M. NORWOOD, of Chatham.

FOR THE DISTRICTS:
1. HON. JOHN C. NICHOLLS, of Pierce.
2. COL. CHARLES T. GOODE, of Sumter.
3. R. J. MOSES, of Muscogee.
4. A. O. BACON, of Bibb.
5. MAJ. J. B. CUMMING, of Richmond.
6. H. P. BELL, of Forsyth.
7. COL. JAMES D. WADDELL, of Cobb.

ALTERNATES:
1. J. H. HUNTER, of Brooks.
2. WILLIAM G. FLEMING, of Decatur.
3. W. O. TUGGLE, of Troup.
4. DR. HENRY WIMBERLY, of Twiggs.
5. GEN. D. M. DUBOSE, of Wilkes.
6. GARRETT McMILLAN, of Habersham.
J. J. TURNBULL.
7. COL. V. A. GASKILL, of Fulton.

For Congress, Seventh District,
GEN. P. M. B. YOUNG,
OF BARTOW COUNTY.

Democratic Nominations

FOR CONGRESS.
1. A. H. HANSELL, of Thomas.
2. NELSON TIFT, of Dougherty.
3. HUGH BUCHANAN, of Coweta
4. THOS. G. LAWSON, of Putnam.
5. WEIR BOYD, of Lumpkin.
7. P. M. B. YOUNG, of Bartow.

SEND US THE RETURNS.—We earnestly request our friends at every county site to send us the election returns as rapidly as possible. Officers of Clubs where there are telegraph offices, are requested to telegraph us at 2 o'clock on Tuesday, again at night, after results are known or partially known, and again on Wednesday at 2 o'clock. Make telegrams as brief as possible to be intelligible and direct collection here.

List of Challengers Appointed by the Several Wards for the Election on Tuesday Next.

First Ward—B. N. Williford, L. L. Lavy, T. M. Castlebury.
Alternates—J. J. Ford, James Caldwell, Vines Fish.
Second Ward—F. M. Richardson, George Kriese, Coleman F. Wood.
Alternates—L. C. Wells, R. J. Massey, J. H. Franklin.
Third Ward—Capt. G. W. Anderson, Col. E. Y. Clarke, J. M. Buice.
Alternates—None appointed.
Fourth Ward—Tim Murphy, T. G. Boggus, M. R. Rasbury.
Alternates—J. R. Wallace, J. E. Gullatt, T. M. Robinson.
Fifth Ward—David Guard, Columbus Payne, T. M. Acton.
Alternates—None appointed.

Col. B. N. Williford is appointed Chief of the Challengers, and is requested to organize his force at 10 o'clock Monday morning next, at the City Hall. Every one is requested to be promptly at his post, to give one day to the cause of his country.

By order of the Executive Committee.
R. ARNOLD, Secretary.

CHEERING NEWS.—From all quarters by private as well as public sources we have the most cheering intelligence from the progress of the campaign.

The reaction in our favor is immense. The speeches of Seymour have put all the Radical calculations to flight, and their blustering bragadocio is lost in dismay.

We are advised by a letter last evening from a promient politician in New York, that that State is sure for the ticket, and that Pennsylvania and Indiana are undergoing heavy changes in our favor. The prospect is brightening everywhere. Wake up Georgians, and prepare to join in the victory.

LAWS PERTAINING TO ELECTIONS IN GEORGIA.—If by 10 o'clock A. M., on the day of the election, there is no proper officer present to hold the election, or there is one, and he refuses, three Freeholders may superintend the election, shall administer the oath to each other, which shall be of the same effect as if taken by a qualified officer.

There shall be kept by superintendents, or by three clerks of their appointment, three lists of the names of voters, which shall be numbered in the order of their voting, and also three tally sheets.

As each ballot is received, the number of the voter on the list shall be marked on his ballot before being deposited in the box.

When any voter is challenged and sworn, it shall be written opposite his name on the list and also on his ballot.

The following facts bearing upon the same, we copy from the Chronicle and Sentinel:

WHO MAY HOLD ELECTIONS.—Any Magistrate in the State is a competent election manager who still holds a commission. Under the old law there were two Magistrates in each election district. Each of these is still a legal acting Magistrate until a new election and the qualification of a successor. The present Constitution, so-called, authorizes the Governor to appoint one Notary Public with the powers and jurisdiction of a Justice of the Peace in each district. *When so appointed* this Notary takes the place of *one* of the previous Magistrates. Until the Notary is appointed and qualified *both of the old Justices* continue in office.

CLOSE UP.—The business men in other cities and towns have resolved to close their doors and devote the entire day to the cause of their country. Will not the citizens of Atlanta be prompted by a like patriotic spirit? By giving Tusday to the interests of Seymour and Blair, you will make the best possible investment for the future of your business. One day is not much. Give it to the success of Democracy, and it will greatly redound to your prosperity.

Let not Macon, Griffin and other cities take the lead, but resolve not to be left behind in pushing on the good work.

A Few Plain Words to a Would-be Georgian.

The address of a disloyal citizen of Georgia, citizen of good faith, who seriously thinks of voting for Grant, we would ask in all candor to weigh the consequences to themselves, to their fellow-citizens, and to their country, of such an act. The Southerner who allies himself with the Radical party in this contest, is an enemy to his country and his race. Nor is the Northerner thus acting less inimical to the spirit of the government under which he lives. The effect of such a course finds no parallel in the conduct of political parties in the past. Heretofore, however widely they differed in policy, the principles of opposing parties bore the royal insignia of a broad nationality. They were unconfined by sectional limitations. Not so now. The issues of the present are wholly unlike any issues in the past. The Radical party is ingrained in hatred of the South. Its existence is rooted in oppression. Its rule is the law of tyranny. He who gives it aid and countenance is an alien to his race and a foe to his country, whether located in our midst or at the North. During the canvass about to close, that party has waged the most fierce and vindictive war against the South ever waged by any people under the Sun. It has not been characterized by an act but was merciless, cruel, and unjust. He who sides with it is equally guilty of all its crimes. Every principle of right, and every instinct of humanity have been set aside or trampled upon by the Radicals. Not satisfied with this, all their tongues of falsehood, of vituperation and abuse have been let loose upon us. They have resorted to the lowest means whenever they thought to make political capital by it. Not satisfied with aspersing the living, where it could serve their purpose they have descended to the dead to defame the memory of the pure and good, not only to exhume their bones hyena-like, from their graves, but to revive issues no longer connected with the living. They not only brand the Southern people *en masse* as rebels, traitors and disloyalists, but they have sought to heap upon our friends at the North a part of the odium which they had already fastened upon us.

In view of facts such as these, we would appeal to every man who claims to be a Georgian by birth or by the spirit of adoption, to cast his vote and influence on the side of that party through whose exertions alone if ever, the yoke shall be lifted from our necks. If you side with our enemies, the enemies of the South, enemies of our common country, at a time when all that is dear trembles in the uncertain balance of a perilous fate, you will alienate yourselves forever from those whose friendship and good will might have been lastingly secured but for this one, this fatal misstep. For whatever the general result may be, it is very sure that Georgia will give a large majority for Seymour and Blair. Another equally well established fact is that Georgia will be governed in future by the Democratic party, however much Radicalism may rant and revel elsewhere. And when the entire country shall have been redeemed by the Democracy, Georgians who in her dark hour stood firm to the pride of race and State, will view with pity and contempt the conduct of those who were false to both. In addition, the skies are brightening all around; the Democratic spirit of the whole country is aroused, and we believe the sun of the 3d of November will set upon a land redeemed from Radical misrule, with its destiny restored to the guardian hand of the great Democratic party.

Put Your Greenbacks Into Gold.

It will be remembered that soon after the result of the elections in Pennsylvania, Ohio, and Indiana was known, gold went down, and immediately the Radical press proclaimed the fact that the principles of their party had already commenced to work beneficially on the financial condition of the country—by bringing greenbacks to a par value. No one, we think, was foolish enough to believe it, and consequently we did not notice it. As since the true reason has been developed, we give our readers the benefit of it. The bondholders in New York in their zeal to reduce the price of gold, have come to grief, and they look forward to the twenty millions to be sold by the United States Treasury on Monday next, and the necessary advance in gold after the election, that is certain to follow in case either party succeeds, to get their reward.

We are pleased to learn that several of our business men have taken a chance at gold in view of these acts, and will divide the profits with the astute stock brokers of the North. This is gratifying because it shows that our people are beginning to see into the intricate workings of the gold market, and will hereafter not permit it to be a one-sided concern. The government will sell, next Monday, twenty millions of gold to meet demand on the Treasury.—The New York Journal of Commerce a few days since stated that there was but twenty millions in the Treasury. This paper is well posted on the financial affairs of the country, and if this statement be true, the sale on Monday will clear the vault. The result then, after the election will be, that gold will go back to 44 and perhaps much higher. Governor Seymour's election will not reduce it below its present price; and General Grant's election and the endorsement of the Reconstruction laws, Freedmen's Bureau, and the swindling schemes of the bondholders, will inevitably drive gold to 50, 75, and perhaps to 100—who knows?

In either event now is the time to buy gold; the success of either party will certainly not reduce the price of gold, and the reaction will come in a few days.

JOHN QUINCY ADAMS SPEAKS AT WEYMOUTH, MASS.

The Result of His Visit South.

A Just and Manly Tribute to Her Patriotism.

"BLESSINGS" OF RECONSTRUCTION.

I wished to see what a reconstructed State was, and I went to South Carolina for that purpose. I never intend to stop, to relax for one moment in the heartiest, most earnest, and most honest efforts I can make to remove all such "blessings" as reconstruction from the necks of every one of my fellow-citizens. It is simply this—the rule of the military and nothing else.

THE CARPER-BAG GOVERNMENTS.

She is governed by a set of men who, if the people were left to themselves, would have no more chance of holding the offices of your government they now hold than I should of being elected King of Great Britain in place of Queen Victoria, if I were to go to England to-morrow. And these officials having no hold on the esteem of the people, as they call them down there in their expressive though slightly inelegant language "scalawags" and "carpet-baggers," cannot command any of their respect and confidence.

WHAT SUPPORTS THE CARPET-BAG GOVERNMENT.

They have to be supported in their places by the bayonets of the United States soldiers. And as there are not United States soldiers enough at the South to keep the people entirely "contented," nor enough to make the Government thoroughly "democratic," so every day or two they are calling for more soldiers in order to support these thoroughly "democratic" and "republican" governments, and that is reconstruction!

EXPERIENCE OF A MASSACHUSETTS MAN IN SOUTH CAROLINA.

My Southern democratic friends down there greeted me in a way which I shall never forget to my dying day. The kindness, the warmth, the consideration, the ardour they showed in welcoming any Northerner, especially from Massachusetts, who would go there and say a kind word—who would not treat them like boys and call them rebels, traitors, miserable rascals or villains—went deep to my heart.

WHAT MR. ADAMS DID NOT SEE.

I saw no unkindness no sort of feeling indicating unkindness towards any of the people at the North.

WHAT THE PEOPLE OF THE SOUTH WANT.

They want no more contest, no more ill-blood; they want merely to shake hands, saying—We fought, and now that the fight is done let us be friends. That is the feeling of the mass of the whole people I met at the South.

THE TRUTH IN A NUTSHELL.

They asked me to say to my fellow-citizens at the North that they fought you in the war; they believed they were right; that they fought you as hard as they could; and when the war was done they frankly abandoned that they had fought for.

ALL THAT THE PEOPLE OF THE SOUTH ASK.

That they may be treated in decency and kindness. All that they ask and all that the Democratic party of the North seek to accomplish, is that we may be allowed to come together once more in peace and amity; that this incubus of reconstruction may be taken off the people; that these soldiers may be taken away from between us, and that we—all of us—once more may feel—North as well as South, white man as well as black man—the benefits of a union under the old system of government.

THE WORK GOES BRAVELY ON.—Our private letters from New York tell us of a wide-spread Democratic revival in that city and throughout the States where the November battle is to be fought. This invincible party, says the Mobile Register, has shaken off the temporary despondency caused by the movement of the World newspaper and the October elections. That paper itself is again in the field with greater vigor than ever, pouring hot shot into the enemy, and sounding the bugle-calls of advance. The closeness of the October elections, since the smoke has lifted from the field, and the manifest fact that frauds were practised which cannot be repeated in November, have shown the Democrats that victory was within their reach, and they are bracing themselves with *all* the sinews of war, and fighting gallantly to deserve and win it.

We copy to-day the spirited address of the National and New York State Committees, signed by their respective Chairmen, A. Belmont and Samuel J. Tilden. They breathe a noble fervor, which we trust will be infused into every man in the South. We of the South have now a double motive for carrying these States—a national as well as a local motive. Let us run no risk of losing the Presidential election by the failure of a single Southern State. We must fight it out until the evening of the 3d of November, as if the grand result depended on the single electoral vote of each State. Up, guards, and at them! The tide of battle has turned. Push it on until the enemy of free government is driven in rout and dismay from the field. One overthrow finishes the Radical party forever. Let no Southern man flinch or withhold his vote from his country!

THANKS!—Our friends of the Atlanta CONSTITUTION, disdain all feelings of envy or jealousy with reference to Macon, and its determination to have a State Fair; and would have us to understand "that Macon is not in the least in the way of Atlanta."

Thanks, gentlemen. Such a public recognition of our divergence from your "way" is very grateful. We would feel very blue, indeed, to think that Macon was on the same broad road with your city. *Journal and Messenger.*

Very likely! The "broad road" being too narrow for Atlanta, poor little Macon would be crushed under foot or forced aside into the ruts.

☞ The Spanish revolution set free a Madrid editor who was serving a term of 102 years in prison.—*Exchange.*

That Madrid editor had been robbed of the liberty of more than a whole life because years ago he dared to publish the truth in regard to a rotten and corrupt dynasty. The freedom of that one man will atone for all the blood of the revolution.

☞ Judge Woodward, of Pennsylvania, says the prospect for carrying that State for Seymour and Blair in November are very flattering. He insists that the Radicals can not repeat the frauds which lost us the State in the October election.

We have suffered the wrong,
Let us strike for the right!
The night has been long,
But the day is in sight.

Gen. Blair.

From the Chicago Times, Oct. 26.]

The Democracy of Central Illinois convened in very great numbers at Mattoon, on the afternoon of Tuesday, October 20, to listen to an address by Francis P. Blair, the Democratic candidate for the Vice Presidency. The meeting was acknowledged by all who were present to be one of the grandest and most enthusiastic gatherings of the campaign, and was estimated by members of both political parties, to number from 16 000 to 20.000 people, among whom were many ladies.

GENERAL BLAIR'S SPEECH.

General Blair, who was loudly cheered on coming forward said:

FELLOW CITIZENS: Many years ago, in the State in which I live, a great man who had been for many years the Senator from Missouri, had been driven from his seat after thirty-eight years service in that body. The people in the congressional district in which he lived took him up and elected him to the House of Representatives, and to the multitude of his rejoicing friends who flocked around him and congratulated him, he uttered, in my opinion, the noblest sentiment that ever fell from the lips of an American statesman. He exclaimed, "Exultation, my friends, is natural, but moderation is the ornament of victory." In that phase, it seems to me, there was more of political wisdom than is to be found in the same number of words that ever fell from the lips of statesmen or orator. It represents the free genius of our Constitution—that constitution which blazes all over with the sentiment of toleration to all. It is the sentiment that I recommend to all my fellow countryman, because it dedicates the triumph of the people to the public good, and not to the malignity of a few.

Again, the Constitution prohibits any attempt on the part of Congress or the State Legislature to pass bills of attainder or *ex post facto* laws. It forbids them to try and convict a man, or punish him by legislative enactments (which is a bill of attainder,) and requires them to give the charges preferred against any individual, to try him upon the charges preferred under presentment before a Grand Jury, according to the laws that existed at the time the offence charged was committed, and to acquit or condemn him by the verdict of a jury. Now, this Congress, in defiance utterly of this constitutional provision, have tried, condemned, and punished 300,000 white men at the South, by depriving them of their right to the franchise and by taking away from them the inestimable charter of the American citizen, and this, too, in violation, not only of that provision of the Constitution, but of the decision of the Supreme Court declaring that such legislation amounted to a bill of attainder, and was unconstitutional under the Constitution of the United States. Not only did they do that, but, in place of these 300.000 white men thus attained, thus tried and punished by legislative enactment, they substituted negroes—the uneducated negroes of the South—as electors. They do not deny it. They say, in their Chicago platform, that the States other than the Southern States have the constitutional right to choose their electors. How can those other States be deprived of it? These violations of the Constitution do not end the whole chapter.—In order to carry out and enforce these repeated violations of the Constitution, it has been found necessary to strip the Executive of all of the power and authority conferred on him by the Constitution.

He is no longer the commander-in-chief of our army and navy, although by the express language of the Constitution he is made commander-in-chief. He has been deposed by act of Congress from that high prerogative, and it has been conferred upon the general of the army, their designated candidate for the Presidency, who stands at this moment with his bayonets at the throats of the entire white people of the South, pinning them to the earth, and compelling them to submit to the dominancy of this race of blacks. (Cheers.) Nor is this all. They have taken from the President of the United States the authority to grant pardons, given him by the express language of the Constitution. They have usurped that authority to themselves, and declare now that nobody in the South shall be pardoned except by a two-thirds vote of this rump, fragmentary party known as a Congress. You know what sort of people they extend pardons to. (A voice—"Joe Brown.") I knew that these words would spring to the mouth of every Democrat. The original builder and creator of Andersonville prison pardoned because he is ready to vote the Radical ticket. If Jeff Davis himself was mean enough to vote the Radicol ticket he would be pardoned by a two-thirds vote of both branches of this Congress. (Laughter.)

Now, my fellow-citizens, I point you to these palpable violations of the Constitution, which they do not pretend to deny themselves, and which they cannot defend

A voice—"Go it Frank Blair, you are my old commander, and I mean to vote for you."

ON, HOOSIERS! ON!—The Indianapolis correspondent of the Cincinnati Gazette, evidently a very intelligent if not a very scrupulous person, says:

It is useless, and worse than useless, for the Republicans to say that the State elections virtually decided the Presidential contest, and that there is no motive now for Democrats to make any extra exertion to carry the State. There is abundant motive for them to work. If they succeed now in carrying Indiana and giving her thirteen votes to the Democratic candidate, it is a fine thing for Indiana Democrats hereafter, if the Democratic party has any future. Whether there is motive or not, *the Democrats of Indiana are wider awake to-day, are working harder than the Republicans are.* A lethargy seems to have fallen again upon the latter, caused by the over fatigues of the campaign just over, which they must throw off if they would carry the State next Tuesday. It only remains, supposing the same vote to be cast then as at the State election for the same number of Republicans to fail to vote next Tuesday as those who failed to vote for the candidates for Congress at the State election, to lose the State. In other words, the vote on Congressmen in the State shows a Democratic majority, and unless Republicans do their whole duty next week, they may rely upon the thirteen electoral votes of the State being given for Seymour and Blair.

The italics of this quotation are the correspondent's. The tone of the quotation expresses despair, and, it must be acknowledged, the tenor justifies the expression of the tone. The Republicans of Indiana are evidently dismayed. Their lethargy is not the lethargy of over fatigue but of despondency. They are whipped. And they know it. There is not another day's fight in them. But our friends should give them just as earnest a fight as if they were fresh and vigorous. Whip them good. Whip them out of their boots. Whip them all to pieces. Whip them so that they will stay whipped. On, Hoosiers! On!—*Louisville Journal.*

A BALTIMORE LADY'S PLAN FOR THE PAYMENT OF THE PUBLIC DEBT.—Secretary McCulloch received a letter to-day from a lady in Baltimore, stating that she had been informed that the interest on two cents for a thousand years would pay off our public debt. She had not made the computation and could not speak positively, but if this is the case she could not see the utility of so much talk about repudiation when the payment of the national debt is only a matter of two cents and a question of time. She was willing to furnish the principal for that purpose, and accordingly enclosed two cents, which she requested should not be deposited to swell the conscience fund, but should be placed at interest for the liquidation of the public debt.—*Washington Cor. New York Herald, Oct. 17.*

INFORMATION WANTED.—Mrs. Elizabeth Culbreath, Newnan, Ga., wishes information of her son, Jas. T. Culbreath, who was a member of Co. D, 19th Regiment Georgia Volunteers, and last seen or heard from near the place of Johnston's surrender in North Carolina, in the month of May, 1865. Exchanges please copy.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Affairs in Louisiana.

Secretary Seward makes a Speech.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—Butler's motion to dismiss suits against him in Baltimore, as a breach of his Congressional privileges, is denied and the trial will proceed.

The Treasury employees who resign are allowed one month's leave of absence with pay; others who are on the blank list and who persist in their efforts to remain in their places will be summarily dismissed.

The department statement will show little change. General Grant, by order of the President, issued an order calling the attention of persons engaged in the naval and military service to laws forbidding their interference in elections.

Governor Bullock, of Georgia, is here. In the case of Tyler vs. Defrees to recover possesion of property sold under confiscation, the court confirmed Defrees in possession during Tyler's life. The opinion was delivered by Judge Curtis. The case was heard by a full bench.

There is a heavy rain and high wind prevailing.

Revenue receipts for the fiscal year fifty-two millions.

It is denied that Evarts has given any opinion regurding double distilled whisky.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 31.—Last evening before the injunction from the 5th District Court was served on the Mayor, he had appointed Robert Diamond Chief of Police, with instructions to demand the office and sue out a *quo warranto* in case of refusal. These instructions he has complied with.

Gen. Steadman to-day tendered his unqualified resignation as Superintendent of the Metropolitan Police, which was accepted. George L. Cain was appointed Superintendent *pro tem.* The Police Commissioners state this evening that they intend to appoint a Superintendent on recommendation of merchants and underwriters.

Gen. Rousseau, by request, last night visited the club room of the Innocents, the club which was the most prominent in the troubles with the negroes, and in which considerable feeling still exhisted on account of the death and wounding of several of their members. In a short speech Rousseau warned them that the responsibility for all outrages and disorders in New Orleans was laid on his shoulders, and that he looked to them to keep the peace and encourage others to do the same. He said he felt it his duty to say to them law must be observed, and that every man who has the right shall vote unmolested on election day. Gen. Rousseau was enthusiastically received. The club pledged themselves to obey his wishes. During the recent troubles the presence of a few United States uniforms were always sufficient to restore order. Rousseau's force in in the city at no time exceeded a few hundred.

AUBURN, N. Y., Oct. 31.—Secretary Seward addressed a large meeting, defending Johnson's policy. He disapproved the course of the Radical party; he would not take the sword or put it into another's hand to undo what had been done, even if unnecessary or unwise; thought the distrust of Democrats, felt by a large portion of the people, ought to be respected; says he confides in the Republican party who saved the Union and abolished slavery; believes the success of the Democrats would delay the restoration of peace and harmony.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW ORLEANS, October 31.—Cotton irrgular and advanced ¼c; middlings 23¾; sales 8,100 bales; receipts 1,834 bales; exports 6,543 bales. Sugar and molasses receipts light. Sugar—good to fair 13; yellow centrifugal 15¼. Molasses—centrifugal 68; choice 1 00. Flour dull—superfine 6 75. Corn scarce—green 75a80; old 1 10. Oats in good demand at 60. Bran firm at 1 20. Hay scarce at 30 00a30 50. Mess pork quite firm at 35 50. Bacon, choice scarce—shoulders 14¼; clear rib sides 17¾; clear sides 18¾. Lard unchanged. Coffee steady. Rice fair 14a14½; prime 16¾a16¾. Sterling, bank 46½a46¾. Commercial 44¾a53¾. New York Sight ½ discount. Gold 1 34¼.

NEW YORK, October 31.—Money tight at 7. Gold weaker at 1 33¾. Governments a fraction lower. Tennessee's 72. North Carolina's 67¾. Virginia's new 60. Cotton closed firm at 25½; sales 1,900 bales. Flour dull and heavy. Wheat heavy—winter 3a5c lower. Corn closed more active—mixed Western 1 11¾a1 13½. Whisky quiet at 1 10a1 11. Mess pork dull; closing at 26 95, cash Lard quiet—kettle 17¾a17¾. Turpentine 44a44½. Groceries quiet and steady. Freights quiet.

BALTIMORE, October 31.—Virginia coupons, old, 55½ bid, new, 60 asked. North Carolina ex-coupons 67 bid. South Carolina's 66 bid. Flour more active and favors buyers. Wheat dull—very choice red 2 30a2 35. Corn dull—new yellow 1 00. Oats 70a72. Mess pork 29 50a30 00. Bacon shoulders 13¾. Lard 20.

MOBILE, October 31.—The corrected Cable report caused an active demand for Cotton; the market closing hard at 23 for middlings; sales 2,200 bales; receipts 347 bales.

AUGUSTA, October 31.—Cotton market closed firmer; sales 730 bales; receipts 635; middlings 23¾. No sales were made after the receipt of the favorable news from Liverpool, holders asking too high for buyers.

WILMINGTON, October 31.—Spirits turpentine better at 41. Sales rosin, strained, 1 60. Tar declined 5c; sale of 253 bbls. Cotton firmer; middlings 23¾.

CHARLESTON, October 31.—Cotton in good demand and firm; sales 600 bales; middlings 23¾; receipts 1,153; exports, coastwise, 1,969.

LONDON, October 31, afternoon.—Consols 94½. Bonds firmer.

LIVERPOOL, October 31, afternoon.—Cotton higher—uplands 11a11¾d; Orleans 11¾a11¾d; uplands afloat 10¾d; sales 20,000 bales. Lard 68s. Tallow 41s. 3d.

HAVRE, October 31.—Cotton firm.

"GRANT AND THEN WHAT!"—It is said that Wendell Phillips is about to entertain the Boston public with a lecture of what the above is the text. The Boston Commonwealth, Sumner's organ, has rather anticipated him. It gives the following as the Radical mode of securing "peace" in the event of Grant's election. It says:

"Let Congress repeal its reconstruction acts and put the South once more in the condition it was at the time of Lee's surrender! This it can do, as reconstruction, thus far has been wholly a legislative proceeding. Then it will have the ground fallow for its proper planting. And if our husbandry has not been enriched by experience, we miss our calculation. What will be needed will be to begin anew, with confiscation of lands, and the total disability of every rebel—no representation in Congress—military government and the strong hand for twenty years upon the South. We can do without the South. Let us see if she can get along without the North,"

The main charge against the Democrats, replies the Post, has been that the success of Seymour would be followed by the repeal of the reconstruction laws and the return of the South to their condition at the close of the war. But here we have it from Radical authority that the present state of things at the South, if Grant is elected, is to be completely reversed—that Grant's administration will "begin anew, with confiscation of lands, and the total disability of every rebel—no representation in Congress—military government and the strong hand for twenty years upon the South." "We can do without the South." This is the "peace" programme offered by Grant's supporters—persecution, confiscation, MILITARY DESPOTISM FOR TWENTY YEARS! Will the people sanction the Radical plan by voting for Grant?

ELECTION FOR JUSTICES OF THE PEACE. The impression has very generally prevailed that by a recent enactment of the State Legislature, all Justices of the Peace and Constables, now holding commissions, would go out of office in January next, and that an election would be held on the second day of that month to fill the vacancies thus created. Laboring under this impression, numerous gentlemen have announced themselves as candidates for these offices, and many of them have incurred expenses in printing and circulating handbills, and we are told that some of them have had their tickets printed. Justice P. M. Russell informs us that he received a letter yesterday, from the Secretary to Governor Bullock, stating that the bill which passed both houses of the Legislature, providing for the election of Justices of the Peace, Constables, etc., has failed to become a law, because of the failure of the Governor to sign it.

The Legislature having failed to make any change in the law, the present incumbents will remain in office, and no elections for Justices of the Peace or Constables will be held, except in cases where the commissions of the present incumbents are about to expire, and in cases of vacancies existing on the first Saturday in January next, on which day the election is required to be held by Section 475 of Irwin's Code, which is unrepealed and remains in full force. *Savannah Republican.*

☞ Hon. Henry R. Jackson and Hon. Henry S. Fitch, have returned to the city, in fine health, after a sojourn of several weeks at the North.—*Savannah Republican.*

New Advertisements.

THEATRE!

Lesse and Manager.....J. V. GILBERT
Stage Manager.....G. W. HARRISON
Treasurer.....J. M. GILBERT

MODNAY, NOVEMBER 2d, 1868

First Appearance of the Great American Actress,

Miss Charlotte Thompson!

On which occasion she will appear as

JULIA,

In Sheridan Knowles' celebrated play of

HUNCHBACK!

SCALE OF PRICES:

Orchestra Chairs	$1 00
Dress Circle and Parquet	75
Family Circle	50
Colored Gallery	50
Private Boxes	$5 00 and 6 00

nov1

MARK W. JOHNSON,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
ATLANTA, GA.

GUANO A SPECIALTY. CASH ADVANCED on Merchandise; also on Cotton shipped to New York or Savannah. Office at H. G. Bell's, Whitehall street. nov1 2t

Fine Furnished Rooms to Rent,

WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD, near the business part of town.

☞ Reference given and required. Apply, through the P. O, to L. D. D.
nov1 d3t

THOSE WHO ARE INDEBTED TO THE
Atlanta Classical College
Will please make payment to Rev. T. F. MONTGOMERY, to whom for a valuable consideration, I have this day transferred all the accounts against the patrons. J. T. MONTGOMERY.
Atlanta, October 30th, 1868. President.
nov1 d1t

GEO. J. HOWARD,
Grocer & Commission Merchant,
MARIETTA ST.,
Atlanta, Georgia.

ORDERS for all descriptions of GROCERIES filled at lowest market prices.

Consignments of country produce solicited.
☞ Will make returns promptly. nov1-d1w

E. M. Edwardy Property
FOR SALE.

WILL BE SOLD, ON THE PREMISES, AT 2 o'clock, P. M., NEXT TUESDAY, 3d inst.,
16 No. 1 Beautiful Residence Lots
in the northeastern portion of the city. This property is on an eminence overlooking the city, is divided into convenient lots and offers greater inducements to parties wishing DELIGHTFUL HOMES, in a good neighborhood, than has been upon the market for years.

Conveyances will leave the office of the Universal Life Insurance Company, on Alabama street, at 1 P. M. For particulars see R. J. MASSEY.
Or JOHN M. CLARK & SON, Adm'r.
Attorneys nov1 d2t

Notice.

THE LAW FIRM OF ALSTON & WINN is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. L. J. Winn will continue the practice and close up all unfinished business of the late firm.
R. A. ALSTON,
October 31, 1868. nov1-d2t L. J. WINN.

IMPORTANT TO THE PUBLIC.
The Largest, Finest and Cheapest assortment of Dry Goods ever offered in Atlanta, opening at P. H. SNOOK & CO.'s, next Monday and Tuesday, from Bankrupt Sales.
nov1

PAPER HANGINGS.

WE are just in receipt of a very large stock of WALL PAPER of all grades, including
Fine Gilt Paper for Parlors.
ALSO, PAPER SHADES,
Elegant Styles of Carpets,
ENTIRELY NEW,
CURTAIN GOODS, WINDOW SHADES, &c.,
AT KENDRICK'S CARPET STORE,
Marietta street.....Atlanta, Ga.
oct31 d2t

J. S. WILLSON,
Wholesale Dealer in
PAINTS, OILS,
—AND—
DYE STUFFS,
PURE
Drugs and Medicines,
PERFUMERY,
—AND—
TOILET ARTICLES.
PRESCRIPTIONS
CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

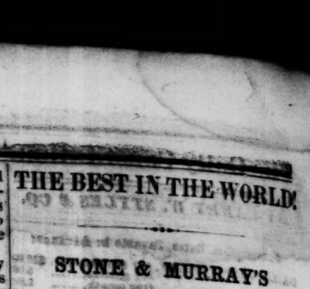
Give me a call and I will make it to your interest to trade with me.

J. S. WILLSON,
Druggist,
Under National Hotel,
ATLANTA.....GEORGIA.
oct24-d3m

THE BEST IN THE WORLD!

STONE & MURRAY'S
CIRCUS!
(Formerly Stone, Rosston & Murray's,)
Will Exhibit in Atlanta!!
Monday, November 9th, '68,
AFTERNOON AND NIGHT.
The Leading Circus in the World!
Unparagoned in Splendor!

THE established reputation of this Circus is too well known to require an elaborate description. Look at the Grand array of Sensational Riders, Emotional Gymnasts, Phenomenal Acrobats, the most wonderful in the universe.



M'DLLE JEANETTE,
The graceful and dashing Parisian Equestrienne, the most brilliant and daring lady rider ever seen. Her first season in America.

THE GREAT JOHN HENRY,
The superb defiance champion Equestrian and Thaumaturgic Artiste, late Director of the Cirque Napoleon, Paris. His first season in America.

LEJEUNE BURTE, the premier bareback Horseman, champion rider of the world.
MURRAY AND HUTCHISON, the eccentric Acrobats, the originators of a new series of novel performances.
THE ROLLANDE BROTHERS, the peerless Sensational Gymnasts.
GEORGE COOKE, the noted English Pedestrian Character Rider—first season in America.
Mr. DEN. STONE, the skillful Doctor of Fun, and Popular Humorist, and
Mr. FRED. MAY, the merry Monarch of Clowns, and Favorite Jester, will preside in the department of Mirth.
Mr. HARRY NORTH, the most expert Tumbler in the world.
Mr. BURT JOHNSON, the champion Leaper and Vaulter.
Mr. GEORGE MURRAY, the Grotesque Comedian.
Mr. ROBERT JOHNSON, the remarkable Pantomimist.
HERR LUDORFF, the amazing Equilibrist.
WM. ARMSTRONG, the Classic Scenic Equestrian.

The chief attachees will be aided by a complete force of Auxiliary Talent, consisting in part of Sigs. Morratti and Xertignes; Mons. Nicus and D'ucroix; Herrs Wetzlar, Polnitz, Stalberg and Bishofen; Messrs. Bywick, Forrest, Merton; Masters Freddie, Clarance and Walter; the whole forming

THE MOST BRILLIANT

CIRCUS TROUPE IN THE WORLD!
Actually embracing more talent than any three companies in this country possess.

Prof. Geo. P. Hutchinson's
Wonderful and Sagacious
ACTING DOGS,
AND
DEN. STONE'S JOCOSE MULES
Are fixed features with this Circus, and their remarkable portrayals of Animal Intelligence will continue to afford rich themes for amusement.

STONE & MURRAY
Advertise only such attractions as actually belong to their Circus, and do not magnify the abilities of their Troupe when they claim that

No Exhibition in the World
CAN EQUAL IT!

N. B.—STONE & MURRAY'S CIRCUS travels exclusively by Railroad, on special trains chartered at immense expense. Therefore, no attempt will be made to deceive the public by a Street Parade of empty wagons, drawn by horses hired in the place of exhibition. The attractions of this Circus are in the Pavilion.

Don't forget the Time!
MONDAY, NOVEMBER 9th
oct31-d1f

THE WORLD!
URRAY'S
CUS!
ton & Murray's,)
in Atlanta-ll
ber 9th, '68,
AND NIGHT.
s in the World!
n Splendor!
ation of this Circus is
quire an elaborate de-
grand array of Sensa-
Gymnasts, Phenomenal
rival in the universe:
EANETTE,
g Parisian Equestrienne,
daring lady rider ever
n America.
JOHN HENRY,
hampion Equestrian and
ate Director of the Cirque
rst season in America.
premier bareback Horse-
of the world.
CHISON, the excelsior
nators of a new series of
ROTHERS, the peerless
ts.
noted English Protean
st season in America.
skillful Doctor of Fun,
ist, and
erry Monarch of Clowns,
will preside in the de-
he most expert Tumbler
the champion Leaper and
Y, the Grotesque Come-
N, the remarkrble Pan-
mazing Equilibrist.
e Classic Scenic Eques-
ill be aided by a complete
ent, consisting in part of
ignes; Mons. Nicoya and
r, Polnitz, Stalberg and
k, Forrest, Merton: Mas-
and Walter; the whole
BRILLIANT
IN THE WORLD!
talent than any three
y posses.
Hutchinson's
d Sagacious
DOGS,
JOCOSE MULES
s Circus, and their re-
imal Intelligence will
mes for amusement.
MURRAY
tions as actually belong
ot magnify the abilities
claim that
in the World
UAL IT!
RAY'S CIRCUS travel
on special trains char-
Therefore, no attempt
the public by a Street
drawn by horses hired
on. The attractions of
lion.
the Time!
EMBER 9th.

The Daily Constitution.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, NOVEMBER 1.

THE CITY.

OUR AGENTS.

CHAS STEWART, News Dealer, is our authorized Agent in Rome, Ga.

T. A. R. EVANS, Albany News, is our agent at Albany, Ga.

J. M. HAMMETT, Marietta, Ga.

FRANK E. BURKE, Americus, Ga.

ROBERT M'DUFFEE, Hawkinsville, Ga.

T. O. TILLMAN, Hogansville, Ga.

W. H. WOODS, Barnesville, Ga.

J. C. BROADNAX, Newnan, Ga.

W. E. RAGLAND, Talbotton.

Capt. JAMES P. HARRISON, Dahlonega, Ga.

S. M. PETTINGILL & Co., New York and Philadelphia, are authorized to receive and receipt for subscriptions and advertisements for THE CONSTITUTION at our regular rates.

Traveling Agents for the Constitution.

The following gentlemen are authorized to solicit business and receive money for THE CONSTITUTION: Mr. O. L. LINDSEY, Albany, Ga. Mr. ROBERT CRAWFORD, of Atlanta, Ga. Mrs. GEORGE LATHEY, of Atlanta. John Evans Atlantic and Gulf Railroad.

DR. JESSE BORING will preach at Wesley Chapel Church Sunday morning at 10½ o'clock and Dr. Stewart at night at 7 o'clock.

Y. M. D. C.'s, meet at the Hall, 9 A. M., Monday, to arrange for an equestrian procession, in costume, at 4 P. M. The presence of every member required, and all the young men of the city are invited to come.

By order of the President.

C. W. GODFREY, Secretary.

GOOD NEWS FOR THE LADIES.— All wool French Merinos, for 50 cents. Empress Cloth—Silver Grey and all other colors. White Alpaca—80 cents a yard—a beautiful article. All wool Scotch Plaids at 35, 45 and 50 cents a yard. 6 4 Waterproof Cloth, $1 50 per yard. Elegant Plain, Plaid and Changeable Poplins very low. Twenty pieces "Chirie" goods, for Panniers, something new and handsome. A beautiful line of "Duchesse Skirts," embroidered. Twelve elegant French Pattern Cloaks, worth $50, for $25, now opening at

P. H. SNOOK & Co's.

SEE J. T. Montgomery's notice.

L. D. O. offers furnished rooms for rent.

SEE notice of Alston & Winn.

L. J. MASSEY or Jno. M. Clark & Son will sell the Edwardy property next Tuesday.

THEATRE.— Miss CHARLOTTE THOMPSON, the celebrated Star, will appear as Julia, in the play of the HUNCHBACK, on Monday night.

LADIES' KID GLOVES, laced, tasselled, embroidered and scalloped, all sizes and colors, for $1 a pair. A large line of Fleece-lined and Canton Ladies' and Gents' walking and riding Gloves, at half their value. A *genuine* French Corset, handsomely embroidered, for $3 50. Five hundred Dozen Silk Buttons, Lace Tops, for *fifteen* cents a dozen. A large line of Velvet and Jett Buttons, less than New York cost, at

P. H. SNOOK & Co 's,
Peachtree street.

GEO. J. HOWARD, Grocer and Commission Merchant, Marietta street, solicits consignments of Country Produce, and will fill orders for all descriptions of groceries at lowest market prices.

WE are pleased to see that our young friend Mark Johnson has engaged in the commission business in this city. He makes liberal cash advances on merchandise and cotton.

BACKED OUT.—We are informed that a gentleman went into Bard's office, yesterday, and offered to see the bet, recently flaunted by the latter, that ten counties North of the Chattahoochee would go for Grant on Tuesday. Bard backed it.

AN elegant assortment of custom-made clothing at *half* its value. Castor and Beaver Hats. The finest Kentucky Jeans made. Gents' and Kid Gloves for 75 cents. A large line of gents' underwear, very low, at

P. H. SNOOK & Co 's.
Peachtree street.

STOVES AND GRATES.—Messrs. Echols, Langford & McGrath have on hand the largest stock of stoves, grates and house furnishing goods in the city, and they are still adding to it, because they sell cheap and cannot keep them long. Their present stock is new and well selected.

G. H. & A. W. FORCE.—We call attention to the advertisement of this enterprising boot and shoe house. They have on hand a very complete stock of boots, shoes, and trunks, ladies' shoes of Miles' make, Philadelphia, Button polish of all kinds; gents custom made boxtoed gaiters and every variety of boots and shoes which they warrant to be just as represented. They offer superior inducements to the wholesale trade, and will sell as cheap as any house in the city either at wholesale or retail. Give them a call before you purchase—sign Big Boot, Whitehall street.

FINE GOODS AT AUCTION PRICES.—MESSRS. P. H. Snook & Co. have just received at their store on Peachtree street a very large assortment of all kinds of goods, as will be seen by reference to advertisements this morning. One of the firm has just returned from New York, and bought at the great bankrupt sale of Scott, Davis & Co., Louisville, Ky., and in New York, over two thousand dollars worth of clothing, overcoats, business suits, dress suits, castor and beaver cloths, all custom made, purchased at fifty per cent. less than first cost. They offer to the ladies all kinds of dress goods. All of which they will sell at half their value. Call and see if they have anything that will suit you—they will fix the price to suit. Are receiving goods by Express every day.

GREAT ENTHUSIASM OF THE DEMOCRATS. *Public Meeting at Davis' Theatre.—Speeches by Hon. B. H. Hill and Others.*—It was announced in our Evening Edition of yesterday that in consequence of the persistent rains and bad condition of the streets it was determined to postpone the Grand Democratic Procession until Monday night. Notice was also given that there would be speaking last night at Davis' Theatre. None, however, were prepared for the glorious feast in store.

At 8½ o'clock, P. M., it became generally known that Hon. B. H. Hill had arrived in Atlanta. At the earnest solicitation of many of our leading men the distinguished gentleman consented to address the Democracy of the city. By 8 o'clock, the Theatre was crowded. Col. C. W. Styles introduced Mr. Hill in a few eloquent and exceedingly appropriate remarks, in which he paid a glowing tribute to that gentleman as the first to raise his voice for Democracy in the South since the surrender, and author of the thirteen immortal resolutions that opened the present campaign for victory.

Mr. Hill made a calm, temperate and most impressive speech. He reminded the Democratic party of the tremendous issues at stake in the coming election; that Grant was a unit—Seymour nothing save as instrumentalities—the one of centralized despotism, the other of constitutional liberty. It was for the American people to decide on Tuesday whether free government on this continent should live or die. There was no reason for despair; so far from it, he believed Seymour's chances for election were better than Grant's. The Radicals built all their hopes of success upon a panic in the ranks of Democracy. Let no man be a laggard. If all come up to their duty, Seymour would be elected and the Constitution vindicated. But we will not attempt even a synopsis of this great statesman's appeal to the minds and hearts of his enthusiastic hearers. Mr. Hill was followed by Mr. Hancock, of LaGrange, who, though almost a beardless youth, displayed a degree of learning and unequaled eloquence seldom found in one of his years. Mr. C. possesses many of the elements of an orator and we predict that in time he will be a light in the forum of Georgia [illegible] vociferously called upon, Col. Cowart appeared at the footlights and gave the audience a short one of his most happy efforts. In the course of his remarks he unearthed some historical records in the history of Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Virginia and other States. He was often compelled to suspend, for minutes at a time, in consequence of the thunderous applause of the audience.

At 10 o'clock the meeting adjourned. It was one of the most enthusiastic we ever attended.

HAVING seen it announced in the Radical organ of Atlanta that Col. H. P. Farrow would speak at Palmetto, Ga., on the 31st of October, we went to hear what Col. F. had to say to the people of Campbell county. We did have some idea of replying, should occasion and opportunity offer.

The day was very inclement, in consequence of which the prospect of an audience seemed rather gloomy, we confess. While pondering in our mind the probabilities of a fizzle, a freight train hove in view, bound for Atlanta. It stopped at the depot, and seeing Col. Farrow got aboard, we inquired of some parties standing near, whether Col. F. intended to speak. "Yes, at 2 o'clock," was the reply.

In order to know the truth, we hastened to the train, and seeing Col. F. sitting in the Conductor's car, accosted him thus: "Colonel, do you intend holding to your appointment here to day?" Said he: "Excuse me, sir, if you please. There is no acquaintance between us. Excuse me, sir, if you please." "Yes, certainly," we replied, and turned away. It was a very queer conversation.

Now, if Col. Farrow, for one moment, supposes that our addressing him in the polite language and manner above indicated was an effort to renew an acquaintance long since *cut by us*, he is deplorably in error.

It had been announced that Col. F. would make a public political speech yesterday at Palmetto. We traveled twenty-five miles to hear him and possibly to reply to him. We submit that we had a right to know whether or not he intended to fulfil his appointment. Failing to elicit the information elsewhere, we had the right to make inquiry of him in person, regardless of previous relations between us. Under these circumstances, we contend that his refusal to answer us betrayed either a lack of courtesy or a lack of self respect—perhaps both.

The whistle blew shortly after, and as the gentleman that didn't fulfil his appointment at Palmetto remained aboard the freight-train, we did likewise, and reached Atlanta at 3 o'clock. We went in search of nothing and found it.

The whites of Palmetto are *white*. There is, we were informed, but one Radical in town—barring Sambo.

WILL HIS EXCELLENCY ANSWER?—Our attention is called to the following communication, in the Sparta News. The question is one of importance, and the well known trickery of Bullock and his crew, makes it necessary that the people should guard against a fraud. We advise our Democratic friends to deposit their ballots in Box No. 1, but to keep a good watch over the others, in order to prevent fraudulent voting and fraudulent management:

TO R. B. BULLOCK, *Governor State Georgia*: Sir—We wish to hold the election in this county in strict accordance with the *Law*. *The law*, so far as we can see provides for *One Ballot Box* at the Court House. *You* tell us in your Proclamation to have *three* Boards of Superintendents, and *three* ballot boxes! *You* and the *law*, come in conflict, and we ask, shall we obey *the law*, or your *unlawful* Proclamation? If the election is held as you direct, and the State goes for Seymour and Blair, *will not the vote of Georgia be thrown out?* If this is not a *trick* of yours to swindle the Democracy, give us the law upon which you are proceeding. The *poll first opened* at the Court House will be the *legal one*. Have you, or have you not sent out secret instructions to the Radicals to put their ballots in that first box, hoping that the Democrats will vote at the other illegal polls established by you contrary to law? We wish a reply, will you give it?

HANCOCK.

UNPROVOKED OUTRAGE.—On the morning of the 28th inst., as the passenger train on the Georgia Railroad from Atlanta, was passing through the woods two miles West of Yellow River, a stone was thrown into one of the cars, striking Bishop Weightman in the face with sufficient force to draw the blood. No person could be seen from the train, nor could any motive be assigned for the outrage.—*Georgia Enterprize.*

Local and Business Notices.

A SMALL FARM FOR SALE—*Near Decatur.* I will sell a small Farm, about one mile from Decatur, *Cheap for the Cash.*

W. R. MARCHMAN,
oct27-d4t Decatur, Ga.

FRESH MOBILE OYSTERS at the Georgia Saloon, under the Post Office, AT ALL HOURS.
oct23-dtf E. C. REID.

L. B. DAVIS,
Hartfort Live Stock Insurance Co.
L. B. DAVIS,
Notary Public, Atlanta, Georgia,
L. B. DAVIS,
Insurance Agent, Atlanta, Georgia.
mar12—dly

Special Notices.

☞ GEORGIA STATE LOTTERY, for the benefit of the Masonic Orphans' Home. Combination Class No. 572.—The following were the drawn numbers October 31st, 1868:

76-38-14-21-21-23-12-37-13-39-31-51-46

nov1-d1t HOWARD & CO., Managers.

☞ PHILLIPS & FLANDERS.
WHITEHALL STREET,

Have just received and offer at reduced prices a good assortment of Dress Goods, Prints, Brown and Bleached Sheetings and Shirtings, Shawls, Sontags, Nubias, Hoods, Hoop Skirts, Corsets, Ladies' and Gents' Hats, Boots, Shoes, &c., &c.

Their stock is large and more complete than heretofore. They respectfully ask purchasers to examine their goods, and will be pleased at all times to show them. Also, Agents for the Newton Factory Yarns, a supply always on hand for Wholesale and Retail trade. Merchants purchasing Yarns will find it to their advantage to give them a call. oct25 d1w

☞ FOR RENT.—Being about to remove to Broad street, the large and elegant Store Room where THE CONSTITUTION is now published will be for rent from Monday next.

Apply at this office. oct8-dtf

MOST COMPLETE STOCK
—OF—
GROCERIES SOUTH OF BALTIMORE.

J. R. BOSTWICK,
Bell's Marble Building.
Cor. Broad and Marietta streets.

SUGARS, assorted, Standard, Refined and Raw.

Coffee—Moco, Ceylon, Java, Laguayra and Rio.

Molasses and Syrups from Common to Loaf Drips.

Mackerel from No. 3 to the choicest Mess,

White Fish, Blue Fish, very choice and large,

Cod Fish, Salmon in kits,

Pickles in half barrels, very desirable,

Smoked Beef and Tongues,

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR,

Cheese, every variety received weekly.

Any article in the line of

Staple and Fancy Groceries,

Can be had in quantities to suit dealers. This fine stock should attract

Close Cash Buyers.

We will fill any order or sell any article at NORTHERN PRICES, Freight added.
oct22—

Chestnuts Wanted.

500 BUSHELS CHESTNUTS WANTED, FOR which a liberal price will be paid in cash.

A. K. SEAGO.
October 29, 1868. 6t Atlanta, Ga.

[OFFICIAL.]

PROCLAMATION,
By the Governor.

Whereas, notwithstanding the Executive Proclamation of September 14, 1868, many lawless acts have occurred in violation thereof, whereby the lives and property of citizens have been destroyed, the right of free speech impaired, the performance of the duties of the offices to which citizens have been elected, denied the lives of citizens so threatened as to cause them to abandon their homes and property;

And Whereas, "The protection of persons and property is the paramount duty of Government, and shall be impartial and complete;"

And Whereas, The Sheriff of each county is, by law, charged with the preservation of life, property and peace, in each county;

Now, therefore, I, Rufus B. Bullock, Governor, and Commander-in-Chief of the army and navy of the State of Georgia, and of the militia thereof, do hereby issue this, my proclamation, charging and commanding the said Sheriffs, and each and every other civil officer in every county in this State, to see to it that the lives and property of all citizens, and the peace of the community, are preserved; and that all persons are protected in the free exercise of their civil and political rights and privileges. And, further, to make known that for failure in performance of duty, the said Sheriffs and other civil officers will be held to a strict accountability, under the law. And, to charge upon every person, resident in this State, that they render prompt and willing obedience to said Sheriffs and other civil officers, *under all circumstances whatsoever;* and that they demand from said officers, protection, when threatened or disturbed, in their person or property, or with denial of political or civil rights; and, that failing to receive such protection, they report facts to this department.

The following extract from General Orders No. 27, dated October 8, 1868, from Headquarters Department of the South, is published for the information of the civil officers and the general public, by which it will be seen that said civil officers will, in the performance of their duties, be sustained by the military power of the United States.

Given under my hand, and the Great Seal of the State, at the Capitol, in the city of Atlanta, this 9th day of October, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, and of the Independence of the United States the ninety-third. RUFUS B. BULLOCK.

By the Governor: Governor.
DAVID G. COTTING, Secretary of State.

"HEADQ'ERS, DEPARTMENT OF THE SOUTH,
Atlanta, Ga., October 8, 1868.

General Orders No. 27.]

"Whereas, by an act of Congress of the United States, approved March 2d, 1865, it is made the duty of the military authorities to preserve the peace at the polls at any election that may be held in any of the States; and whereas, this duty has become the more imperative, from the existing political excitement in the public mind, from the recent organization of civil government, and from the fact that Congress has, by a statute, prohibited the organization of military forces in the several States of this Department, it is therefore, ordered:

"That the several Districts commanders will, as soon as practicable, on the receipt of this order, distribute the troops under their commands as follows:

* * * * * * * * *

In the District of Georgia:

One company 16th Infantry, to Albany.
One company 16th Infantry, to Columbus.
One company 16th Infantry, to Macon.
One company 16th Infantry, to Augusta.
One company 16th Infantry, to Washington, (Wilkes county,)
One company 16th Infantry, to Americus.
One company 16th Infantry, to Thomasville.
One company (C,) 5th Cavalry, to Athens.
The company at Savannah to be reinforced should occasion require by such number of the men at Fort Pulaski as can be spared from the post.

* * * * * * * * *

"Detachments, when necessary, may be made to points in the vicinity of each post; but in no case, nor on any pretext whatever, will detachments be sent without a commissioned officer, who will be fully instructed by his post commander.

"The troops will be considered as in the field and supplied with the necessary camp equippage; the men to be furnished with common tents if practicable, and if not practicable, with shelter tents. Commanding officers are permitted to hire quarters, temporarily, when it can be done for reasonable rates; but this will not preclude the necessity of carrying tents, as the commands, in all cases, must be in readiness to move at the shortest notice, with all supplies required for their efficiency.

"District Commanders will instruct Post Commanders in their duties, and the relative position of the civil and military powers. They will impress on Post Commanders that they are to act in aid and co-operation, and in subordination to the civil authorities; that they are to exercise discretion and judgment, unbiased by political or other prejudices; that their object should be exclusively to preserve the peace and uphold law and order, and they must be satisfied such is the object of the civil officer calling on them for aid; that they must in all cases where time will permit, apply for instruction to superior authority, but they must at all hazards preserve the peace, and not be restrained by technical points, when, in their conscientious judgment, under the rules above set forth, it is their duty to act. Post Commanders, on being notified of the proposed holding of political meeting, may send an officer, and if necessary a detachment, to watch the proceedings and see that the peace is preserved.

"To the people of the several States composing the Department, the Major General Commanding appeals that they will co-operate with him and the civil authorities in sustaining law and order, in preserving the peace and in avoiding those scenes of riot and bloodshed, and the wanton destruction of property and life, which has already, in some instances, been enacted in the Department. He urges abstinence from all inflammatory and incendiary appeals to the passions; discountenancing the keeping open of liquor shops on days of political meetings and of election; the abstaining from carrying arms, and asserting the individual right of construing laws by force of arms. No just cause is ever advanced by resort to violence. Let there be charity and forbearance among political opponents, whatever may be the result; let each good citizen determine that all who, under the law, have the right to the ballot shall exercise it undisturbed. If there are disputed points of law, let them be referred to the Courts, and let not mobs or political clubs, or other irresponsible bodies, construe and undertake to execute the law. This appeal is made in the earnest hope that the Major General Commanding can rely on the good sense and correct judgment of the mass of the people, and that he will not be compelled to resort to the exercise of the power with which he is intrusted, and which he will most reluctantly employ. But he thinks it his duty to make known, that so far as the power under his command will admit, he will not permit the peace to be broken, and that he will not be restrained in the conscientious discharge of his duty by technicalities of laws made when the present anomalous condition of affairs were neither anticipated or provided for."

By order of Major General Meade:

R. C. DRUM, A. A. G.

☞ All newspapers within the State of Georgia, will please insert daily and weekly until 3rd of November, proximo, and send bill to Executive Department, Atlanta. oct10-d&wtc

Stoves! Grates!

300 STOVES—VARIOUS PATTERNS,

200 GRATES—assorted,

10,000 pounds SHEET IRON.

FOR SALE BY

Echols, Langford & McGrath,

WHITEHALL.
oct30-d3t

STOCK CORN.

STOCK CORN, CHEAP. For sale by

A. K. SEAGO.
oct30-d3t

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE.

MY FRIENDS and the PUBLIC are informed that I am now prepared to furnish them anything in my line, at my new Stable on Pryor street, in rear of American Hotel.

I have on hand GOOD TEAMS, VEHICLES, of all kinds, and RELIABLE DRIVERS.

AMPLE ACCOMMODATION FOR DROVERS
oct18-d1m F. B. WOOTEN.

G. H. & A. W. FORCE,
SIGN OF THE BIG IRON BOOT,
WHITEHALL STREET.

Boots, Shoes and Trunks!

A COMPLETE STOCK AND NEW GOODS ARRIVING DAILY!

GENTS' BOOTS AND SHOES,
OF BEST MAKES.
LADIES' SHOES, OF ALL KINDS.
Boys' Misses' and Childrens',
OF EVERY GRADE AND MAKE.

We are prepared to offer superior inducements to Wholesale Trade. Give us a call.
nov1 dly

THROW AWAY YOUR OLD BOOTS AND BUY A NEW PAIR CHEAP!

EXCITING, PROMPT AND SUCCESSFUL REVOLUTION
IN THE
Boot and Shoe Business!
—BY—
M. O. MARKHAM,
Successor to HENRY BANKS, at the well known stand
EMPIRE BLOCK, WHITEHALL STREET,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

HAVING purchased the entire stock of Mr. BANKS (except such goods as did not come up to the highest standard for excellence) consisting of BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, &c., &c., to which there is being added an immense supply of NEW MATERIAL, in quality the best and quantity without limit, fresh from the most celebrated manufactories in the land I, am fully prepared to offer superior inducements to buyers everywhere, as well as to the trade.

I call urgently upon everybody to come and examine my splendid stock. If it is possible to please, I can do it.
oct25-d3m M. O. MARKHAM.

CHAPMAN, RUCKER & CO.

WHITEHALL STREET,

ATLANTA, GA.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

KEEP CONSANTLY ON HAND

Bacon,
Flour,
Sugar,
Coffee,
Molasses,
Syrups,
Bagging,
Rope,
Tobacco,
Cigars,
Soap,

PROVISIONS and PRODUCE of every description, and all other articles usually kept in a first class

Grocery Establishment.

Exclusively at Wholesale.

☞ Sole Agents for Eubarlee Flouring Mills, (Cass county.)

☞ Consignments respectfully solicited, and prompt attention given to orders.

CHAPMAN, RUCKER & CO.
oct8d3m

NEW STORE!

NEW GOODS!

W. W. CHAPMAN,

MARKHAM'S BLOCK,

Whitehall street, : : : Atlanta, Ga.,

Has just opened a large and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS!

MR. A. S. TALLEY,

—AND—

MR. M. H. SISSON,

Formerly of the Firm of Talley, Brown & Co.,

Can be found at this House, and will be happy to serve their old friends and customers.
oct25—d1w

LUMBER! LUMBER!

—AT—

MURPHY, RICE & CO.'S

LUMBER YARD,

Peachtree street, Atlanta, Georgia.

ON HAND:

500,000 FEET OF LUMBER of every kind.

FLOORING, INCH PLANK and Framing Lumber.

DRY LUMBER of all kinds, from SOUTHWESTERN GEORGIA LONGLEAF PINE.

Also, the very best quality of SOUTH WESTERN LONGLEAF PINE FLOORING on the yard TONGUE AND GROOVED and ready to deliver at $30 PER THOUSAND.

Also, the best quality of WEATHER BOARDING always on hand, and any other kind of LUMBER sold in this market.

TERMS CASH.
oct22—d MURPHY, RICE & CO.

A. K. SEAGO,
Wholesale and Retail Grocer
—AND—
Commission Merchant,
Corner Forsyth and Mitchell streets,
ATLANTA.....GEORGIA,

ASSISTED BY

Charles F. Denson, late of Aikin, S. C., Salesman.

Jacob H. Smith, Atlanta, Salesman.

Charlie Kicklighter, Atlanta, Receiving and Forwarding.

John D. Wing, late of Boswell, Ga., Bookkeeper.

Master Walter W. Pegg, Collector.

James A. Smith, late of Elbert county, Ga., Store-keeper.

Office hours from 6 A. M. to 9 P. M.
oct22-d2w

A PAIR
—OF—
BOOTS
—FOR—
EVERY MAN IN TOWN,
—AT—
I. T. BANKS'
SHOE & LEATHER STORE,

RAWSON'S BUILDING,

Cor. Whitehall and Hunter Streets.
oct13—

LANGSTON, CRANE & HAMMOCK,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

ALABAMA STREET,

ATLANTA, GA.

HAVE IN STORE:

25 CASKS CLEAR BACON SIDES,
20 Casks Clear Rib SIDES,
10 Casks SHOULDERS,
10 Casks Canvassed HAMS,
20 Tierces Choice LARD,
50 Cans " "
100 Bbls. Irish POTATOES,
2 Bbls. HONEY,
100 Thousand CIGARS,
100 Sacks and Half Sacks FLOUR,
75 Bbls. FLOUR, all Grades,
200 Coils ROPE,
BAGGING, FERTILIZERS, ETC.,

—TO WHICH—

The Attention of Trade is Most Earnestly Solicited.
oct18d

ST. LOUIS LEAD & OIL COMPANY,
MANUFACTURERS OF
STRICTLY PURE
WHITE LEAD!

TRADE MARK.

Linseed, Castor & Cotton Seed Oils,
OFFICE AND FACTORY:
Cor. Cass and Second sts., St. Louis.
For sale by REDWINE & FOX,
oct14—d6m Druggists, Atlanta, Ga.

Castle Rock Coal!

We are now prepared to furnish this

CELEBRATED COAL

IN ANY QUANTITY,

EITHER for manufacturing or domestic use. Having established a

Yard Opposite Our Warehouse,

for the receipt and delivery of the same, families can be supplied at short notice when

Orders are Left at Our Office.

THIS COAL being free from Sulphur and not liable to slack by exposure, renders it superior for purposes above named. Prices, at our yard, are as follows:

Lump Coal, per Car Load, 25c. p bushel of 80 lbs.
" " Less than " 30 " "
Fine " per " 20 " "
" " Less than " 15 " "

Orders respectfully solicited and contracts made for shipments from the mines direct. We will also furnish COKE of the very best quality, when desired, at lowest prices.

GLENN, WRIGHT & CARR.
Atlanta, September 10, 1868. sept11d3m

SAVANNAH.

E. P. SPENCER, Formerly of Columbus, Ga.
J. BERRIEN OLIVER, Late of Tallahassee, Fla.

SPENCER & OLIVER,

COTTON FACTORS,

Commission Merchants, and General PURCHASING and FORWARDING AGENTS,

No. 182 Bay street, Hodgson's Block,
[P. O. Box 182.] Savannah, Ga.

Consignments of Cotton, Tobacco, Rice, Wool, Hides, etc., solicited, upon which liberal advances will be made when required. sep29—d1awlm

H. W. MERCER, EDWARD C. ANDERSON, JR.,
Late Cashier Planters' Bank of Georgia.

MERCER & ANDERSON,

BANKERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

SAVANNAH, GA.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO COTTON.

Liberal advances made on Consignments to us for sale, or Shipment to our friends in Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York or Liverpool.

Wishing to aid our Planter friends in their efforts to secure for themselves the full benefit of their Cotton Crops, we have determined to make advances on Cotton consigned to us on the following easy terms:

On Cotton, for sale at discretion, advance seventy-five (75) per cent of its market value, charging interest on the advance until the Cotton is sold at the rate of seven (7) per cent per annum.

On Cotton, to be held Thirty Days, advance fifty (50) per cent of market value, charging the regular commission for advancing, 2½ per cent, and interest on the advance at the rate of seven (7) per cent. per annum

On Cotton, to be held Sixty Days, fifty (50) per cent of its market value, charging commission for advancing, 2½ per cent., and interest on the advance at the rate of one (1) per cent per month.

In all cases the advance will be based upon the market value of the Cotton on the day it reaches us. MERCER & ANDERSON.
oct10d3m

MARKING INK,

20 (TWENTY) CENTS per gallon, by the barrel, containing forty gallons, (including the barrel.)

Manufactured and sold by
ALEX. GALLOWAY,
35 Drayton street,
oct22 d2w Savannah, Georgia.

NOTICE TO MERCHANTS!

CUSTOMERS OF

SAVANNAH FAST FREIGHT LINE!

MERCHANTS shipping from New York via Savannah are requested to ship ONLY by the Lines of

MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., 61 and 62 South street,
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., 88 Liberty street,
WM. R. GARRISON, 5 Bowling Green,

Who are the ONLY persons in New York authorized to sign

THROUGH BILLS OF LADING
—AT—
Through Rates via Savannah

Over the Central Railroad and its connections.

The arrangement between Steamships and Central Road is such that shipments by other than the Lines named above will be charged at LOCAL RATES.

Be particular to have all goods marked to the "Care of C. R. R. Agent, Savannah," and for information concerning the Line, its Rates, &c. Apply to

R. A. ANDERSON, Agent,
M. and W. R. R., Atlanta,
Or, GEO. YONGE, Agent,
Central R. R., No. 1 Park Place, N. Y.
oct17-d1m

SAVANNAH REPUBLICAN,
Daily and Weekly,
By J. R. SNEED.

THE undersigned is pleased to announce to his friends and the public that he has again come in possession of this time-honored journal, and expects to devote his entire time to making it, as a newspaper, second to none in the South. The liberal patronage of the past and better years, while the REPUBLICAN was under his charge, encourages him to hope that by prompt and continued support the public will enable him to carry this purpose into effect.

To the MERCHANTS of the South, and especially of his own State, he looks with confidence for a general support, promising them, in return, the best news, commercial and political journal that his experience and capabilities can produce.

The Weekly Republican,

Designed more especially for the planting community, and others who have not the privilege of a daily mail, will be found to contain all the news of the week condensed into a small compass, and by the close of the year we expect to issue it on a large and imperial sheet of eight pages, to contain more reading matter than any paper in the south.

TERMS:

Daily, One Year	$10 00
" Six Months	5 00
" For a less time (per month)	1 00
Weekly per Year	3 00

N. B. Payment *in advance* for either edition will be required, without exception.

All letters should be addressed as below:

J. R. SNEED,
Republican Office,
October 15, 1868. Savannah Ga.

UNIVERSAL

LIFE INSURANCE

COMPANY,

NEW YORK.

Office No. 69, Liberty Street.

The Original Joint Stock Life Insurance Company of the United States.

The Business of this Company is exclusively confined to the Insurance of First-Class Healthy Lives.

Statement, July 13, 1868,

ASSETS:

United States Stocks (market value)	$109 250 00
Bonds and Mortgages (City of New York,	97,000 00
Brooklyn City Bonds (market value)	25 187 50
Virginia State Bonds (market value)	14,700 00
Cash Deposited in New York Guaranty and Indemnity Co. (at interest)	45,000 00
Cash on hand and in Bank	10 181 09
Balance due by Agents (secured)	25,478 23
Office Furniture	5,325 27
Deferred semi-annual quarterly pr'ms.	72,105 31
Premiums in course of collection	56,564 64
Interest accrued, not due	4,549 67
Other assets	3,319 23
TOTAL	$468,622 87

LIABILITIES:

Amount required to reinsure outstanding risks—Ilsman's Table—5 per cent. ($343,300)	
Unpaid losses, not due	15,000 ($358,000 00)
Surplus over and above All Liabilities	$210,422 87

Ratio of Assets to Liabilities 181 1-2 to 100.

Number of Policies in force	3 034
Insuring	$7,925,580
Policies issued since January 1st, 1868	1,138
Insuring	$2,713,350

THE UNIVERSAL

Offers the following original and popular plan of Insurance:

1st. THE RETURN PREMIUM PLAN: Upon which policies are issued at rates less than those charged by Mutual Companies *guaranteeing* the return of all premiums paid in addition to the amount insured.

2nd. THE REDUCTION OF PREMIUM PLAN: By which policies are issued at rates less than those charged by Mutual Companies, *guaranteeing a reduction of fifty per cent.* of the premium after the third annual payment.

OFFICERS:

WILLIAM WALSH	President.
HENRY J. FURSES	Vice President.
JOHN H. BEWLEY	Secretary.
CHARLES E. PEASE	Assistant Secretary.
D. PARES FACKLER	Consulting Actuary.
EDWARD W. LAMBERT, M. D.	Medical Examiner
ALEXANDER & GREEN	Solicitors

☞ Agents wanted throughout the South

Address

J. W. SHACKLEFORD,
Manager Southern Department,
oct3 Atlanta, Georgia.

MACON.

PLANTERS' WAREHOUSE.

ADAMS, JONES & REYNOLDS,

WAREHOUSE
—AND—
Commission Merchants,

NEW FIRE PROOF WAREHOUSE,

Near Passenger Depot,

Corner Poplar and Poplar Streets,

ADAM H. ADAMS, MACON, GEORGIA.
PETTUS REYNOLDS,
DONALD B. JONES.
oct22-d3m

THOS. HARDEMAN, JR. N. P. SPARKS.

HARDEMAN & SPARKS,

Commission Merchants,

Macon, Ga.

TO THE PLANTERS

IN MIDDLE AND SOUTHERN GEORGIA:

FOR TWENTY YEARS we have served you, we believe faithfully. Our success depends upon your prosperity, hence we have zealously sought to promote your interest and advanced it by every means in our power. As Commission Merchants, we again tender you our services at our old stand, which has withstood the flames of a burning square (thereby proving its security), and where we hope to merit the very liberal patronage always given us.

The sale of Cotton is our speciality. We flatter ourselves none can excel us. To old friend, we return thanks; to new ones, we say try us, we will try to please you.

Usual accommodations given to enable you to make a crop. sep23-d3m

JAMES H. ANDERSON. LOUIS F. ANDERSON.

J. H. ANDERSON & SON,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GENERAL PRODUCE

AND

Commission Merchants

THIRD STREET,

Adjoining Hardeman & Sparks' Warehouse

MACON GA
june16-d6m

R. E. BROWN. W. F. BROWN.

BROWN'S HOTEL,

(Opposite Depot)

MACON GA

THIS long and well known Hotel, with its unequalled system, still presents itself to the traveling public.

The House was opened on the 1st of January, 1856, and took at once a prominent position among the "first class" Hotels of the country. It has never been closed since, but it has been steadily increasing in prosperity, till it acknowledges no successful rival in the business in the State.

Recent improvements and refurnishing of the House, which is still in the hands of the Proprietors, have left nothing to be desired by those who love their ease and enjoy the comforts and luxuries of life. The Hotel is admirably situated for the convenience of the traveling public, being situated opposite the Passenger Depot, and but a few steps from the same. It has a restaurant of well trained servants in every department, and the Proprietors will spare no pains or expense to sustain the established reputation of the Hotel. Special attention paid to the wants of lady guests, who may sojourn at the House, and none shall go away dissatisfied, if an earnest endeavor to please will secure a liberal share of the public patronage. feb16-d1y

LANIER HOUSE,

MACON, GA.

COLLIER & BOYS

Having assumed the management of this House, respectfully solicit a share of public patronage. Free Omnibus to and from the House. Attentive Porters. oct8-d3m

AUGUSTA.

J. M. DYE & CO.,

WAREHOUSE

AND

Commission Merchants

AUGUSTA, GEORGIA,

CONTINUE the business, in all of its branches, at their OLD STAND, 143 REYNOLDS ST. Prompt personal attention given to the STORAGE and SALE of COTTON and other Produce, and to the purchase of BAGGING, ROPE and FAMILY SUPPLIES.

LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES made when required.

Commissions for selling Cotton, 1 1-4 per cent.

Consignments solicited. sept16d3m

FRANK BLAIR STILL "STICKS,"

AND SO DOES

M. C. & J. F. KISER.

With a LARGE and COMPLETE Stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS,

At the old stand of Talley, Brown & Co.,

Whitehall Street,

Where may be found a comple stock of

Ladies' Dress Goods,

CLOAKS, SHAWLS,

Shoes and Hosiery,

And everything usually found in the Dry Goods line. Recently selected in New York by one of the firm and bought for CASH will enable us

TO SELL AS CHEAP

*AS ANY HOU

The Daily Constitution,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, OCTOBER 31.

GENERAL GRANT,

A Candid and Truthful Estimate of His Character.

An ably conducted weekly paper of sixteen pages, the first number of which appeared at Baltimore on the 10th inst., gives the following on the character of General Grant as a soldier and a politician:

Distinction is not greatness. That which separates one man from the masses, makes his name universally familiar, places his photograph in every shop, and disfigures the pictorials with his caricatured physiognomy, may happen to any one. Some achieve it by the gradual steps of unremitting effort; others have it thrust upon them; but to most it comes with meteoric suddenness, unexpected and unannounced. Of the truth of this, no military or political history is more prolific in illustration than our own. To the many heroes who flourished before and since Agamemnon, the partiality and self-glorification of American history had added more than our proportionate share prior to the recent war. Since its termination, the science of algebra, dealing in unknown quantities is alone equal to the computation of their numbers.

To say that General Grant is distinguished is to recognize an undoubted fact. Indeed, it would be difficult to find a parallel instance of such sudden and brilliant changes as fortune has brought to him within a very few years. The hopeless and broken down Captain of 1861 is to-day the Commander-in-Chief of the army, from one of whose subordinate grades he was all but driven in disgrace. His name is identified forever with a most gigantic war, the events of which have produced the greatest social and political changes.—New thoughts, new theories, and new applications of established principles are the logical results of great historical crises; and that portion of American history which will record the events of the great civil war of the century, must necessarily contain much that will belong to any biography of its most successful General.

But to say that General Grant is great, in the sense that would speak of Washington, of Napoleon, or of Wellington, as distinguished by that designation, would be to declare what few have seriously asserted—what none have accepted as true. Indeed, underlying all the excitements and passions of the hour, there is an instinctive popular judgment, which, rejecting all counterfeits, will be content with nothing but the true gold; and that decision which places Washington upon an unapproachable elevation, in the estimation of the civilized nations, shrinks from the presumption which would make Lincoln his peer in his civic renown, or trace in the career of Grant the parallel of his military glory.

Recognizing the true position of Grant, both as a soldier and the candidate of a formidable and powerful party for the Chief Magistracy of the country, we have neither wish nor purpose to underrate his character. The day is very near which may decide how important to the people will be every peculiarity of his temperament, every characteristic of his nature, and every habit of his life. It is, therefore, a suggestion of both interest and duty which leads us to attempt a brief estimate of them all.

It would be very unjust to form any judgment from such material as is presented in the senile recollections of his father or the fulsome biographies of his adjutants. It would be worse than injustice to accept as true the bitter diatribes of Wendell Phillips, or the earnest condemnation of Horace Greeley. And yet the poverty of his career before the war, the uncertainty how far the merit and responsibility of its later conduct may be properly attributed to him, and the persistent reticence which has sealed his lips and veiled his face, since the nomination at Chicago, leave to conjecture what ought to belong to certainty. There is difficulty in interpreting a man who conceals his character, whether such concealment be the result of purpose or of temperament. His silence may be prompted by judgment and caution, on the one hand, or by stupidity and ignorance, on the other. We think whoever may adopt the latter interpretation will be in error, for it is certain that two traits belong to his character which have no affinity with dullness and inertness. They are resolution and ambition. No one was more thoroughly aware how wasted had been his previous life, and, with the opportunity afforded by the war, arose the ambition to redeem the errors of the past. His resolution has been shown too often, in the exercise of what served, with him, as a substitute for all other military qualities—adherence to the idea of the power of superior force. So far as his previous life had indicated his sympathies, they were with the South, and not a few among his friends were doubtful upon which side his sword would be drawn. His own decision, according to an authenticated incident, was determined by a comparison of the two sections, and the conclusion that the North must succeed.

We, of course, do not mean to analyze his military career. He certainly did not employ strategy—no necessity of inferior strength evoked, at any time, brilliant displays of genius—no limited resources occasioned sudden and brilliant concentration and maneuvering. His was the one principle of action—that the greater power, by mere attrition, must wear away the lesser, and no loss of thousands of men, or waste of countless millions of treasure, weakened his patient and absolute reliance upon the final demonstration of its success. There are unbiased military critics who describe all his campaigns as blunders; and it is certain that a like record of an unsuccessful General would find neither apologist nor defender. It is enough, however, to add one thing that cannot be controverted—namely, that his military renown rests upon no other basis than his successful employment of irresistible force against a broken, worn and decimated enemy. None of that glory which forms the halo of a soldier's greatness has ever shone around him; it was wanting even at the hour of his final triumph; and history will record how the grand dignity of Lee gave to the scene at Appomattox all of its sublimity.

To define or interpret Grant as a politician is almost impossible. His report to the President of the condition of the South and the temper of its people was commendable in its honesty and spirit. It was made under the influence of those generous feelings which his recent triumphs had inspired. Its suggestions were simple and practical; its testimony sustained the just and element policy of restoration which he was prompt to endorse—only to abandon, subsequently, in obedience to the promptings of a new ambition. This tergiversation and his false and treacherous conduct in the matter of the *ad interim* appointment of Secretary of War give no promise of any political fidelity or the existence of any controlling principle in political morality. We suppose few doubt that he would have gladly accepted a Democratic nomination—and was quietly looking to it, until a confidence in the superior strength of the Republicans brought into play the military idea of the advantage of numbers, and he ranged himself with the party he considered the strongest.

His nomination at Chicago drew from him no declaration of principle or indication of the spirit of his administration, if elected. His promise to execute the will of the people may have been intended as an escape from more specific declarations of opinions or policy, as a short method of avoiding a duty to which he whs alike unaccustomed and unequal, or it may have been adroitly designed to justify some future faith'essness to a party with which his sympathy was so recent. Since the commencement of the canvass, neither friend nor foe has solved the mystery of his silence. Whether in the depths of his retiring soul he dreams of dictatorial authority expanding into imperial splendor, or whether he has glowing visions of a people guided by his hand back to peace, happiness, and equality of right and power, none may know. We are remitted to conjectures to which we can apply no standard derived from past experience or present assurance.

THE CONSTITUTION,

Daily and Semi-Weekly,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA!

BY CAREY W. STYLES & CO.

Daily Circulation Over 3,000.

Semi-Weekly Circulation 2,000.

DAILY, PER ANNUM	$10 00
" SIX MONTHS	5 00
" ONE MONTH	1 00
SEMI-WEEKLY, PER ANNUM	$3 00
" SIX MONTHS	1 50
" THREE MONTHS	1 00

THE CONSTITUTION is intensely DEMOCRATIC and neither pains, enterprise, nor money will be spared, in the efforts of the Proprietors, to make it a leading organ, and one of the first papers in the South.

THE CONSTITUTION has scarcely laid aside its baptismal robes, and yet its circulation is equal to, if not greater, than any political paper in Georgia. This unparalleled success is mainly attributable to the industry and enterprise which have characterized its management.

As its name imports, it is battling for the Constitution and the liberties of the people; and the patronage it has received, assures the Proprietors that their labors are appreciated, and their policy endorsed.

As an advertising medium, THE CONSTITUTION is, perhaps, superior to any paper published in the State, its circulation being confined to no particular locality, but extending from one end of the State to the other, and from the Savannah to the Chattahoochee.

The Proprietors intend no relaxation of their energy, but will add new features of interest and more vigorous enterprise as patronage increases; and they hope in future, as in the past, to merit the good will and plaudits of their numerous readers.

CAREY W. STYLES & CO.

"THE LIVE DRUG STORE"

REDWINE & FOX

Have in Store and to Arrive:

20,000 Pounds White Lead;

25 Barrels Fine Copperas;

1 Car Load Coal Oil;

500 Boxes Window Glass;

10,000 Pounds Choice Putty;

10 Casks Linseed Oil;

50 Gross Wine Bottles;

5 Bales (O. K.) Corks;

5 Cases Best Spanish Float Indigo;

200 Ounces Sulph. Quinine;

50 Ounces Sulph. Morphine;

50 Pounds Opium;

50 Gross Swift & Courtney Parlor Matches;

ALL THE

POPULAR PATENT MEDICINES,

And everything usually found in a

FIRST CLASS DRUG HOUSE,

All of which we offer

LOW FOR CASH.

REDWINE & FOX,

Cor. Whitehall and Alabama streets,

aug8 Atlanta, Georgia.

AT THE

City Drug Store!

Do You Want Drugs,

MEDICINES,

Dye-Stuffs, Paints,

OILS, WHITE LEAD, &c., &c.?

CALL AND

EXAMINE FOR YOURSELVES.

I AM NOW RECEIVING

Copperas, Madder, Indigo, Spice, Pepper, Ginger, Blue Stone, &c.

A Large Lot of Window Glass, Patent Medicines, Perfumeries and Fancy Articles,

AND ANY ARTICLE TO BE FOUND IN

A First Class Drug Store,

SUCH AS

Oils, of Every Description, Putty, CHEMICALS, Fancy Soaps, and Toilet Articles! Brushes, Alcohol, &c., From the Most Renowned Laboratories in the World!

AT

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL,

AND AT

THE LOWEST PRICES,

MEDICINES WARRANTED

PURE and UNADULTERATED.

PRESCRIPTIONS

Compounded Night and Day!

BY A

Thoroughly Competent Pharmaceutist.

THE SODA FOUNT HAS FROZEN UP,

But the Oils are as Soft as ever.

TRY BEFORE YOU BUY!

☞ Corner of Whitehall and Marietta Streets, Old Norcross Corner,

aug14 W. C. LAWSHE.

CAPITOL

Drug Store!

L. H. BRADFIELD,

DEALER IN

PAINTS, OILS, DYE-STUFFS,

Drugs and Patent Medicines,

Also, WHOLESALE AGENT for

PROPHITT'S REMEDIES:

Prophitt's Liver Medicine.

Prophitt's Pain Kill It.

Prophitt's Anti-Bilious Pills.

The excellent remedies of O. S. Prophitt, M. D., need no recommendation. Their well known power in removing the diseases peculiar to our Southern Climate, having already established for them an enviable reputation in Georgia and the adjoining States, the majority of persons living in the South are pre-disposed to disease of the Liver, it is granted by all intelligent physicians that most of the pains and aches of our people are due to organic or functional derangement of that important organ. Prophitt's Anti-Bilious Pills and Liver Medicine strike directly at the root of the evil. They cure the Liver which, in nine cases out of ten, is at the bottom of the Coughs, Dyspepsia, Colic, Sick Headache, Rheumatism, Constipation, Menstrual Obstructions, &c., so common among our people, Earache Toothache, Acute Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and bodily pains of every kind, flee before PROPHITT'S PAIN KILL IT like chaff before the wind.

L. H. BRADFIELD,

Wholesale Agent for Prophitt's Celerated Family Medicines,

aug15-d6m Whitehall Street, Atlanta.

NEW LIVERY

AND

SALE STABLE.

WE have just completed our new Stable on Alabama street, and supplied it with good stock and the best vehicles of all kinds. Hacks, Carriages, Buggies, and Single Horses can be procured at any time. We have trusty drivers and gentle teams.

We are also prepared to accommodate drovers, having elegant and comfortable Mule sheds.

Call on us before going elsewhere.

W. R. ARCHER & SON,

oct17-d1m Alabama street, near Post Office.

☞ Augusta Constitutionalist and Chronicle and Sentinel copy and send bill.

WM. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.,

GROCERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

OLD STAND, DECATUR ST.,

ATLANTA, GA.,

KEEP constantly in store a large stock of Provisions and Groceries. We most respectfully solicit an inspection of our stock by buyers, before making their purchases. We make cash purchases, therefore, get goods on the best terms, and are content with very small profits.

We are now receiving A WELL ASSORTED STOCK of Choice Family Groceries, embracing Coffee, of all grades, Sugars, Teas, Spices, Peppers, Cheese, Fish, Tobacco, Cigars, and all other articles to be found in a First Class Grocery House.

W. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.

WHITE WINE VINEGAR, Pure Cider Vinegar, and Madeira Wine for cooking purposes,

W. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.

THE PURE POPLAR LOG WHISKY, as originally introduced by us, a good supply constantly on hand and sold only by us, unless purchased from us.

W. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.

Bird's Eye Lime.

WE ARE SOLE AGENTS for Rogers' Celebrated Birds Eye Lime. No better Lime for all purposes is manufactured in this country. If you wish good masonry, plastering, or a fertilizer, use the purest lime. We keep constantly on hand, fresh from kilns, a good supply and can furnish promptly, any quantity desired. Every barrel guaranteed.

W. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.

BACON, BACON. We have now in store and on sale 75,000 lbs. Bacon — Sides, Shoulders and Hams. LARD — Best Leaf — Tierces, Kegs and Caddies.

W. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.

July 22d, 1868. d6m

O C

DENISON'S Condition Powders

FOR

HORSES, MULES,

Cattle and Hogs,

Are unequalled for Coughs, Colds, Loss of Appetite, Hide Bound, Yellow Water, Farcy, Surfeit, Lung Fever, Colic, and all diseases incident to these animals. Warranted to do all that is claimed for them, if given according to directions. See Circulars.

Manufactured by

D. M. DENISON,

COLUMBUS, GA.

PRICE $1.00 PER BOX.

For Sale, Wholesale and Retail, by

REDWINE & FOX,

oct23-dly Atlanta, Ga.

Geo. L. Anderson & Co.,

GROCERS,

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Mitchell street, near Whitehall,

ATLANTA.....GEORGIA.

IN STORE:

20 HHDS. CLEAR SIDES,
10 hhds. Shoulders,
10 barrels Molasses,
10 sacks Coffee,
15 barrels Sugar,
12 barrels Lard,
30 kegs Lard,

Mackerel, Rice, Vinegar, Starch, Candles, Soap, Crockery Ware, Shoes, &c., &c., for sale cheap for cash, or exchanged for Wheat at a fair price.

G. L. ANDERSON & CO.

WANTED.

2,000 BUSHELS CHOICE WHEAT, by the 25th instant, for which a fair price will be paid.

G. L. ANDERSON & CO.

Atlanta, Ga., June 16, 1868—d6m

NEWSPAPER FOR SALE!

THE ALBANY TRI-WEEKLY NEWS

IS OFFERED FOR SALE!

FINDING IT IMPOSSIBLE TO RUN BOTH THE CONSTITUTION and the NEWS, without fatal neglect to one or the other, I propose to sell the latter.

The NEWS is in a flourishing condition, having a liberal Circulation, and as much Advertising Patronage as it can accommodate. It has yielded handsome profits since I purchased it in October last; and in practical hands, with vigor in its editorial management, can be made the best paying paper in Georgia. There is a well appointed

Job Office Attached,

And the Job Work of the City will run the establishment if rightly managed.

There are two PRESSES, one of Hoe's Drum Cylinder, and one Washington Hand Press in good order, and material enough to run a Daily and Weekly. I will sell on liberal terms if application is made within Thirty Days.

Address CAREY W. STYLES,

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, Atlanta, Ga.

or STYLES & EVANS,

Albany, Ga.

☞ The Press requested to notice. sep4

GREAT BARGAINS.

I WILL SELL MY

Large Brick House,

WITH FIFTEEN ROOMS, sixteen Fire Places, fourteen Closets, Kitchen forty by twenty feet, good Store Room, with all necessary outbuildings, an excellent Well of Water, with the lot on which the same is situated, containing near half an acre, one hundred and twenty yards from the passenger depot, on Decatur street, in the city of Atlanta, Ga. Also,

A Good Plantation,

ON Connessauga River, eight miles from Dalton, in Whitfield county, one and a half miles from Tilton, on the Western and Atlantic Railroad, containing Five Hundred Acres, well adapted to the cultivation of Grain, Clover, and very fair for Cotton. Also,

Ten Lots of Wild Land,

WITH A GOLD MINE that pays well for work. The above property must be sold. Terms made easy.

E. J. COWART,

sep1d1d Atlanta, Ga.

EARNEST'S JEWELRY STORE,

WHITEHALL STREET.

Markham's Building, Empire Block,

(Between Mitchell and Hunter Streets.)

E. E. EARNEST

HAS JUST RECEIVED A FULL STOCK OF

FIRST CLASS JEWELRY,

Consisting of elegant DIAMONDS, GOLD and SILVER WATCHES of all grades. CLOCKS of every style, and an immense assortment of

FANCY JEWELRY

And Sterling Silver, and Silver Plated Ware.

HE would especially call the attention of the ladies to his superb and beautiful asssortment of Etruscas, Gold Sets set with Coral, Pearls, Garnets, &c., Ladies' Watches and Chains. All of which have just been opened, and are for sale at

NEW YORK PRICES.

HE is determined to keep the finest quality of JEWELRY, and is prepared to guarantee satisfaction, as well in style as in prices.

☞ Thanking the public and his friends for past liberal favors, he respectfully submits his claims for continued patronage. oct10-d3m

MACGREGOR LINE!

DIRECT

Steam Communication

WITH EUROPE!

THE

Georgia and Liverpool LINE!

OF

First-Class New Iron Clyde-Built Steamships,

COMPOSED OF THE

SARASOTA,	Now building.
SALUDA,	Now building.
SELMA,	Now building.
SAVANNAH,	Now building.
SATILLA,	Now building.
WAVERLY,	Captain BRYSON.
LEITH,	Captain BARNETSON.
STIRLING,	Captain BLACK.
RIGA,	Captain HUNTER.
DON,	Captain MASON.

☞ Freight taken from and to St. Louis, Nashville, Memphis, Vicksburg, Selma, Montgomery, Enfaula, Tallahassee, Atlanta, Macon, Columbus, Augusta, Griffin, Albany, Americus, Greensboro, Madison, Covington, Athens, Newnan, LaGrange, West Point, Cuthbert, Dawson, Thomasville, Cartersville, and all points in the Southern States Great Britain and the Continent.

☞ Bills of lading signed on Railroad receipts at interior points of shipment. Press receipts at Savannah and dray receipts at Liverpool. Insurance effected from interior points of shipment and from Savannah, when desired, on our open policies here or in Liverpool.

☞ Advance of three-quarters of the value at the time of shipment given upon consignments, and proceeds guaranteed.

Proposed days of sailing from Savannah, 1st and 15th of Each Month, commencing as follows:

WAVERLY, 1,500 bales capacity,, 15th November.
DON, 2,500 bales capacity, - - 1st December.
RIGA, 3,500 bales capacity, - - 15th December.
LEITH, 4,500 bales capacity, - - 1st January.

☞ Extra steamers of 1,500 and 3,000 bales capacity will be despatched to Liverpool, Havre, Bremen, Hamburg, Antwerp, Trieste, Genoa, and Cronstadt, whenever inducement offers.

☞ Freight taken from Cardiff, or any indirect port, for Savannah. Apply to

WM. M. TUNO & CO.

In Liverpool to STODDART BROTHERS, and Leith to DONALD R. MACGREGOR.

sep15 d3m

"Westward the Star of Empire takes its Way."

SECURE A HOMESTEAD IN CALIFORNIA.

The Imigrant and Homestead Association of California,

Incorporated under the laws of the State, November 30th, 1867, for the purpose of

PROVIDING HOMES FOR ITS MEMBERS,

and thereby induce imigration.

CAPITAL STOCK $1,000,000,

Divided into 200,000 shares at $5 per share payable

IN U. S. CURRENCY.

Certificates of Stock issued to Subscribers immediately upon receipt of the money.

No Person allowed to Hold More than 5 Shares.

A Circular containing a full description of the property to be distributed among the Stockholders, sent to any address upon receipt of stamps for return postage.

Information as to price of land in any portion of the State, or upon any other subject of interest to persons proposing to imigrate, cheerfully furnished upon receipt of stamps for postage.

☞ All letters should be addressed

Secretary Imigrant Homestead Association,

Post Office Box No. 86

sep25-d2m San Francisco, Cal.

Administrators' Sale.

ON the FIRST TUESDAY in November next, will be sold at the Court House door in LaGrange, Troupe County, Georgia, within lawful hours of sale 1,100 acres of LAND, more or less, in the Hogansville District of Meriwether county, and the 11th District of Meriwether county, and known as the plantation of Dr. James S. Phillips, late of said county, sold as the property of said deceased, for distribution.

Terms 60 days credit.

Persons desiring to look at said lands, can do so by seeing Mr. Camp on the premises, or the Administrators at Hogansville, Georgia.

JOHN D. PHILLIPS, } Administrators.
WM. E. GLANTON, }

Hogansville, Sep. 25. sep25-d3t

REMOVAL.

TOBACCO! TOBACCO!

MEADOR & BROTHERS have removed their TOBACCO STORE to the large and commodious store, recently occupied by W. F. Meador, two doors above Jack's, on Whitehall street.

They now offer the largest and most varied

STOCK OF TOBACCO

ever offered in any Southern market.

PRICES LOW FOR CASH.

Atlanta, Sept. 13, 1868. sep19-2m

1868. DRY GOODS. 1868.

Fall and Winter Dry Goods.

JOHN M. GANNON,

(Corner WHITEHALL and HUNTER Streets,)

IS just in receipt of the following splendid line of Goods, which he has carefully selected, and will dispose of at prices that cannot fail to give satisfaction:

DRESS GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

A great variety of Cloaks and Shawls; a splendid line of Blankets and Flannels; a full stock of Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Embroideries, Breakfast Shawls, Nubias, Scarfs, Ladies' Under Vests, Gloves, Hoops and Balmoral Skirts, Irish Linens, Birds' Eye Diapers, Table Linen, Scotch Diaper, Crash, Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, English Tweeds, Satinets, Kentucky and North Carolina Jeans, Prints, Sheetings, Shirtings, Demins, Stripes, Tickings, Osnaburgs, Linseys, Drills, Checks and everything kept in a first class Dry Goods store.

ONE PRICE ONLY.

It affords me pleasure to be able to state that this system has been a complete success and gives general satisfaction to my customers. For the benefit of those who have not been in the habit of doing business with me, I state that there is only one price for every article sold in my store, so that there is no danger of any person being overcharged for goods under any circumstances—in other words, a child can purchase goods in my store as cheap as the closest judge. I wish it distinctly understood that if any goods purchased in my establishment fail to come up to representation, they can be returned and the money will be refunded.

All consumers of dry goods are invited to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

oct4-d3m JOHN M. GANNON.

JNO. W. WALKER, Augusta, Ga. GEO. A. ALLEN, Paducah, Ky. JNO. F. TREUTLEN, Eufaula, Ala.

NOTICE OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

We have this day associated ourselves together under the style of

WALKER, ALLEN & TREUTLEN,

—AS—

COTTON FACTORS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND SHIPPING AGENTS,

In this city, and would solicit from our friends and the public generally,

CONSIGNMENTS OF COTTON, GRAIN AND PRODUCE GENERALLY.

Especial attention will be given to orders for BAGGING, ROPE, etc. When desired, will make the usual advances on Produce in store.

Savannah, Ga., Sept19d2m WALKER, ALLEN & TREUTLEN, Office, No. 3 Drayton Street.

The Great Southern

PASSENGER AND MAIL ROUTE

Via Atlanta & Augusta.

Connections by this Line are most Certain and Sure at all Seasons.

The Eating Houses on this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted.

Ample time given for Meals at regular Ho rs.

Conductors on this Line are Affable and Courteous to Passengers.

NO CHANGE OF CARS

Between West Point, Ga., and Wilmington, N. C.

Quick Time & Sure Connections

VIA GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Passengers can purchase

THROUGH TICKETS

and have their

Baggage Checked Through

From New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus and Atlanta, to Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York, by

Four Different Routes Via Augusta, Ga.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars

On all Night Trains leaving Atlanta by this route. These splendid Sleeping Cars run through from Atlanta, Ga., to Branchville, on S. C. Railroad, without change at Augusta.

The Great Southern

Passenger and Mail Route

Via Augusta, to Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philapelphia and New York.

Passengers can have choice of Four different Routes via Augusta to Washington, Philadelphia and New York.

Fare the Same by Either Route,

Via Augusta, Kingville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line.

Fare as Low by Augusta AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

Through Tickets sold at New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus and Atlanta to Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, and New York by this route.

Through Tickets sold at Atlanta to Charleston, Columbia, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Philadelphia and New York.

Passengers taking this route can have their Baggage Checked through from Montgomery, Alabama, to Washington, Philadelphia and New York by four different routes via Augusta. Baggage checked through from Atlanta to Charleston, Columbia, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington Philadelphia and New York.

The Train leaving Atlanta at 5:40 P. M. has attached to it Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars, and make close connections at Augusta with Trains to the following places: Savannah, Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

Passengers from New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, and Columbus, Ga., make close connections at Atlanta with Trains for Augusta, Savannah, Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and New York.

☞ Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a

Splendid Line of Steam Ships

from Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston, and New York.

THE CHARLESTON STEAM SHIPS

Offer inducements to Passengers, with Tables supplid with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed, and Comfort

Are Unrivalled on the Coast!

☞ Through Tickets on sale in Montgomery, West Point, and Atlanta to New York via Charleston Steam Ships.

J. A. ROBERT,

General Ticket Agent, Georgia Railroad, Augusta, Ga., Sep. 22, 1868. sep22-tf

DAILY PASSENGER LINE

BETWEEN

Atlanta and New York, Philadelphia, Washington,

AND OTHER

EASTERN CITIES

VIA

Western and Atlantic,

—AND—

Virginia & Tennessee Railways.

—:o:—

ALL RAIL ROUTE!

—:o:—

Time Table, May 1st, 1868.

NORTH.

Leave Atlanta	7 00 P M
Leave Dalton	2 30 A M
Leave Knoxville	11 17 A M
Leave Bristol	7 18 P M
Leave Lynchburg	9 00 A M
Leave Washington	7 00 P M
Leave Baltimore	8 55 P M
Leave Philadelphia	1 22 A M
Arrive at New York	5 30 A M

SOUTH.

Leave New York	7 30 P M
Leave Philadelphia	11 00 P M
Leave Baltimore	3 50 A M
Leave Washington	6 30 A M
Leave Lynchburg	5 25 P M
Leave Bristol	7 10 A M
Leave Knoxville	2 56 P M
Leave Dalton	9 48 P M
Arrive at Atlanta	4 45 A M

—:o:—

Time between Atlanta and New York, 37 hours.

—:o:—

☞ The GREAT MAIL between Atlanta and New York is carried exclusively by this Line.

—:o:—

Sleeping Coaches on all Night Trains

—:o:—

THROUGH TICKETS

GOOD UNTIL USED,

—AND—

BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH TO ALL IMPORTANT POINTS.

E B. WALKER,

Master of Transportation,

aug16—d3m W. & A. R. R.

1868.

Summer Arrangement.

—:o:—

GREAT WESTERN PASSENGER ROUTE

TO THE NORTH AND EAST

—VIA—

LOUISVILLE, CINCINNATI

—OR—

INDIANAPOLIS

—:o:—

Passengers by this Route have choice of

Twenty-five Different Routes to

NEW YORK,

Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

Passengers holding tickets by this route to New York, Philadelphia, or Baltimore, can stop at Washington without extra charge.

—:o:—

☞ Fare Same as via Knoxville or Augusta.

—:o:—

TRAINS LEAVE ATLANTA

Daily at 8:15 a. m. and 7 p. m.

After arrival of all Southern Trains, and will close connections to above named cities.

—:o:—

☞ Check Baggage to Louisville, and it will be re-checked to destination on Trains of Louisville and Nashville Railroad before arrival at Louisville.

—:o:—

Magnificent Sleeping Cars

ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS.

—:o:—

AMPLE TIME FOR MEALS & GOOD HOTELS.

—:o:—

ASK FOR TICKETS

VIA LOUISVILLE

—:o:—

☞ Tickets by this Route for sale at

General Ticket Office, Atlanta

E. B. WALKER,

Master of Transportation.

aug16—d3m

WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

ON and after May 13th, 1868, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

GOING NORTH.

LEAVE ATLANTA,

9.15 A. M. DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY) Express Passenger.—Arrive at Chattanooga 4.45 P. M., connecting with trains for Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad for Nashville, Louisville and the West, and for New York and other Eastern Cities via Louisville; also with trains for Memphis and Charleston Railroad for Memphis, New Orleans, etc.

4.15 P. M. DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY) Passenger ACCOMMODATION.—Arrive at Marietta 5.35 P. M., Cartersville 8.13 P. M., Kingston 9.19 P. M., Dalton 12.25 A. M.

7.00 P. M. DAILY GREAT NORTHERN Mail.—Arrive at DALTON 1.20 A. M., connecting with trains for Knoxville, Lynchburg, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York. Arrive at Chattanooga at 4. A. M., connecting with trains for Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad for Nashville, Louisville and the West, and for New York and other Eastern cities via Louisville; also with trains for Memphis and Charleston Railroad for Memphis, St. Louis and the West.

COMING SOUTH

ARRIVE AT ATLANTA.

3.45 A. M. DAILY GREAT SOUTHERN Mail.—Leaving CHATTANOOGA at 11.17 P. M., connecting with trains of Nashville and Chattanooga and Memphis and Charleston Railroads, and Dalton at 2.0 P. M., connecting with trains of S. T. and O. Railroad.

11.00 A. M. DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY) Passenger ACCOMMODATION.—Leave Dalton at 4.15 A. M., Kingston 5.22 A. M., Cartersville 6.18 A. M., Marietta at 9.27 A. M.

1.10 P. M. DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY) Express Passenger.—Leave Chattanooga at 1.5 A. M., connecting with trains of Nashville and Chattanooga, and Memphis and Charleston Railroads.

Pullman's Patent Sleeping Coaches ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS.

E. B WALKER,

aug16—d Master of Transportation.

THE GEORGIA SALOON

—AND—

RESTAURANT.

UNDER THE POST OFFICE,

Corner Broad and Alabama Streets.

OPEN AT ALL HOURS, AND ACCOMMODATION GUARANTEED UNDER ALL CIRCUMSTANCES.

THE very best Liquors, Wines, Ales, Cigars, etc., etc., will be kept at the BAR, and the EATING SALOON will, at all times, be supplied with the best this or any other market affords.

sep25—d3m E. C. REED, Proprietor.

LIVE AND HAVE COMFORT.

The Best Coal in this Market from Messrs. M. C. Wilcox & Co.'s Mines Coal Creek, East Tenn.

I AM prepared to furnish this superior COAL to the citizens of Atlanta, or to any city on the railroads in this State, or Alabama, at greatly reduced prices:

Lump Coal, per car load, 26c. per bush, at mine
Less quantity than do 28c. do do
Fine coal per car load 28c. do do
Less quantity than do 30 cents do do
Coke per car load, 20 cents do do
Coke, less than car load 25c. do do

Orders respectfully solicited, and contracts for shipment from the mines direct. This Coal is cheaper than wood in this market, and is free to burn in the chimney without a grate. Coal for sale at Thompson's Hotel lot.

EDWARD PARSONS.

Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 19 3m

—:o:—

Sleeping Coaches on all Night Trains

—:o:—

THROUGH TICKETS

GOOD UNTIL USED,

—AND—

BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH TO ALL IMPORTANT POINTS.

E B. WALKER,

Master of Transportation,

aug16—d3m W. & A. R. R.

Up Country Farm For Sale.

CONTAINING 675 ACRES, in Harlow County, 8 miles from Cartersville, 6 from Cooper's Iron Works, 8 miles from Kingston, and 18 miles from Rome. Good land. Well watered. 400 Acres cleared. Good Dwelling House and Screw, good society, Church and School convenience well timbered.

PRICE, $10 PER ACRE.

Will sell Crop and Stock if wanted. Land has growing Crop and satisfy yourself before you buy.

Terms; CASH. McNAUGHT, OSBORN & CO.

Atlanta Ga., Sept. 9th, 1868. 4m